Page 4

Match level :

1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom 10:Atom

12:CLASS 15:CLASS 17:CLASS 18:CLASS 21:CLASS 24:CLASS



STRUCTURE UPLOADED L1

=> d l1

L1 HAS NO ANSWERS

G1 H, Ak, Cb, C

G2 H, Cb, Ak, C, O, CH2, CH, Hy

G3 H, Cb, Ak, SO2, X

G4 NH,N,Cy

G5 S, NH, Ak, SO2, Cy

G6 H, CN, NO2, C, O, S, SO2, NH, X, Cy, Ak

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 12:44:03 FILE 'REGISTRY'

SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED -656 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 656 ITERATIONS 5 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**

> BATCH **COMPLETE**

PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 11584 TO 14656

PROJECTED ANSWERS: 5 TO 234

L2 5 SEA SSS SAM L1

=> s l1 sss full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 12:44:12 FILE 'REGISTRY'

FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 13037 TO ITERATE

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11/03/2006

10/642,224 Page 5

100.0% PROCESSED 13037 ITERATIONS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L3 37 SEA SSS FUL L1

=> file caplus

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION

166.94

37 ANSWERS

167.15

FULL ESTIMATED COST

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:44:17 ON 03 NOV 2006
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L4 33 L3

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11/03/2006

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Page 6

A3 20000818

L4 ANSWER 1 OF 33 C	APLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on SEN
ACCESSION NUMBER:	1999:549265 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:	131:184974
TITLE:	Preparation of benzothiadiazines, quinazolines, and other aryl-fused heterocycles as positive AMPA-receptor modulators for treatment of memory and learning disorders
INVENTOR (S):	Gouliaev, Alex Haahr; Larsen, Mogens; Varming,
Thomas:	
	Mathiesen, Claus; Johansen, Tina Holm; Scheel-Kruger Jorgen; Olsen, Gunnar M.; Nielsen, Elsebet Ostergaar
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):	Neurosearch A/S, Den.
SOURCE:	PCT Int. Appl., 168 pp.
	CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Patent
LANGUAGE:	English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT PATENT INFORMATION:	. 1

	TENT													NO.				
WO	9942	456			A2		1999	0826										
WO	9942	456			A3		1999	1007										
	W:	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BF	۲,	BY,	CA,	CH,	CN,	CU,	CZ,	DE
		DK,	EE,	ES,	₽Ι,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	G۲	١,	HR,	ΗU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP
		ΚE,	KG,	ΚP,	KR,	KZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS	ζ,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN
		MW,	MX,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SI	٠,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	TJ,	TM
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AU	7513	84			B2		2002	0815										
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	2002						2002	0212		JP	20	00-	5324	80		3	9990	
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PRIORITY	APP	LN.	INFO	. :						DK	19	98-	228	_	-	A :	19980	218
										WO	19	99-	DK70		1	W 3	9990	218

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 131:184974

ANSWER 1 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continue memory. Mean entry latency results for each group and the memo enhancing effect of different concns. of one compd. were given. 240139-62-2P (Continued) IT

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU

(Biological

plogical
study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use);
BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(preparation of benzothiadiazines, quinazolines, and other aryl-fused
heterocycles as pos. AMPA-receptor modulators for treatment of memory
and learning disorders)
240139-64-2 CAPUUS

CN 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine,
3-cyclohexyl-3,4-dihydro-6-(2-methoxyphenyl)-7methyl-, 1,1-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 1 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

Benzothiadiazines, quinazolines, and other aryl-fused heterocycles (I) [wherein the bond represented by the broken line may be a single, double bond, or absent; and if the bond is absent, then the N is substituted

a H and R2; X = S02, CO, or CH2; Y = -CH(R4)-, -N(R4)-, -N(R4)-CH2-, or

R2, R4 = H, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, benzyl, substituted carbonyl, or taken together with R3 = (un)substituted 4-7 membered ring; R3 = H, (un)substituted cycloalkyl, (un)substituted alkyl, (un)substituted

alkoxy, acyl, or taken together with R2 or R4 = (un)substituted 4-7 membered

acyl, or taken together with R2 or R4 = (un)substituted 4-7 membered ring, etc.; R5 = H, halogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, or (un)substituted sulfonamido; R6, R7, R8 = H, halogen, (un)substituted alkyl, CN, cyanoalkyl, NO2, (un)substituted alkoxy, (un)substituted sulfonamido, (un)substituted aryl, etc.) were prepared as pos. AMPA-receptor modulators for treatment of memory and learning disorders. Thus, ClSO2NCO was added to a cooled solution of m-toluidine and nitroethane or nitromethane followed by addition of AlCl3 and reaction with H2SO4 to form a mixture of 2-amino-6-methylbenzenesulfonamide and 2-amino-6-methylbenzenesulfonamide.

The latter isomer was separated by recrystn. and cyclized with cyclohexanecarbonyl chloride in a mixture of TEA, 4-(N,N-dimethylaminolpyridine, and THF to yield dihydro-3-cyclohexyl-6-methyl-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine-1,1-dioxide. The dihydrobenzothiadiazine-1,1-dioxide was chlorosulfonated with D1BALH in toluene to give 3-cyclohexyl-6-methyl-7-morpholine, and reduced with D1BALH in toluene to give 3-cyclohexyl-6-methyl-7-morpholinosulfonyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine-1,1-dioxide (II). Selected compds. of the invention were

tested for in vitro inhibition of 3H-AMPA binding and exhibited IC50 values ranging from 3.4 µM to 45 µM. Two compds. were tested and showed significantly increased potentiation of AMPA-induced [3H]GABA release from cultured cortical neurons relative to the potentiation induced by 30 µM cyclothiazide. Expts. were performed in voltage clamp, and all tested compds. reversibly potentiated the current induced by application of 30 µM AMPA. The results of iontophoretic application showed that cyclothiazide did not exhibit any in vivo effects after i.v. administration but that five compds. of the invention enhanced AMPA ed

spike activity in an activity-dependent manner. Passive avoidance expts. were performed to test the pharmacol. effect of compds. on associative

L4 ANSWER 2 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:525846 CAPLUS

1990:525846 CAPLUS 113:125846 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

TITLE: Evaluation of partition coefficient of chemical

Evaluation of partition coefficier substance Miyagawa, Masami; Hanai, Masasuke Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 31 pp. CODEN: JKXXAP Patent INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

APPLICATION NO. DATE PATENT NO. KIND . DATE JP 02016448 A2 19900119 JP 1988-167181 JP 1988-167181 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

AB The partition coefficient of chemical substances with a ring containing no saturated C is evaluated by the log P = log Padditive + Σiαi(Σj=i πj') + Σi pi(Σj=i σj) + ΣPi,j,... [P = partition coefficient of chemical substance; π = changes in log of partition.

coefficient when an atomic group is substituted on the aromatic ring; π^{\prime} =

contribution from partial atomic units within the distance of n (n =

br or bonds from the substitution position; $1 \le n \le 10$); $\alpha = 0$ criterion for changing π^+ by one atomic group; $\sigma = 0$ electusubstitution constant; $\rho = 0$ criterion for changing π corresponding with σ ; F = 0 changes in log of partition coefficient when > 2 atomic

groups

are substituted; log Padditive = (sum of log of partition coeffs. of each
atomic groups) + (correction factor for bond and branch of polar group);

- number of atomic group]. 23141-81-3 IT

23141-81-3
RL: PRP (Properties); ANST (Analytical study)
(evaluation of partition coefficient of)
2141-81-3 CAPLUS
2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiszine-7-sulfonamide, 6-nitro-, 1,1-dioxide (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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Page 7

L4 ANSWER 3 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
1983:569045 CAPLUS
99:169045
Quantum-chemical and physicochemical properties of hydrochlorothiazide
Orita, Y.; Ando, A.; Yemabe, S.; Nakanishi, T.; Arakawa, Y.; Abe, H.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Arakawa, Y.; Abe, H.
DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: Arakawa, T.; Arakawa, Y.; Abe, H.
DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: SOURCE: ARZMAD; ISSN: 0004-4172
LANGUAGE: English

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: GI

The electronic states of hydrochlorothiszide (I, R = Cl, Rl = NH2SO2-) [55-93-5] its related mole. I (R = 6th position and Rl = 7th position; R and Rl = Cl, H, CH3, CH3O, NO2, etc.) were obtained by CMDO/2, van der Waals volume and hydrophobic parameters of the substituent I (R = 6th position and Rl = 7th positions; R and Rl = Cl, H, CH3, CH3O, NO2, etc.) the 6th and 7th positions in the benzothiadiazine were estimated The

the 6th and 7th positions in the benzothiadiazine were estimated The results are discussed from the viewpoint of the structure-activity relationship anal. Lower LUMO (LUMO level) of hydrochlorothiazide, predicted by the interated Hueckel's MO method, was confirmed by CNDO/2 calcn. The introduction of the sulfamoyl group of the 7th position in the benzothiadizine ring brought out a neg. formal charge at this position. The diuteric effect of substituents at the 6th position in the benzothiadizzine ring was analyzed with respect to their van der Waals vols. and hydrophobic parameters. Van der Waals vols. seemed to have a close relationship to the diuretic activity. The highest correlation coefficient of the regression equation for structure-activity relationship was obtained using the formal charge of the 7th position in the benzothiadiazine ring, and the van der Waals volume and hydrophobic parameter of the substituent of the 6th position. A model for the action site of hydrochlorothiazide is proposed, consisting of a large lipophilic hole and an electrostatic interaction site in the tubular membrane.

IT 2314-18-0 68579-01-3

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological)

study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES

(Uses)
(diuretic activity of, structure and quantum chemical in relation to)

L4 ANSWER 4 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1976:421483 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 85:21483
TITLE:

TITLE:
3-Benzyl-7-sulfamyl-3,4-dihydro-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine
1,1-dioxide derivatives
Kloas, Josef
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
SOURCE:
GEV. 3 pp.
CODEN: GMXXAW
DOCUMENT TYPE:
LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION.

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
•••••				
DE 1570023	A	19691211	DE 1965-K55753	19650408
DE 1570023	B2	19760102		
DE 1570023	C3	19760826		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			DE 1965-K55753 A	19650408

σı

A 19650408

Benzothiadiazine dioxides I (R = Cl, CF3, N3, R1 = R2 = H; R = Cl, N3, R1 = H, R2 = Cl; R = Cl, R1 = Me, R2 = H) were prepared in 90-6% yield by condensing 4-R2G6HkCR1GH)CH2OH with the disulfamoylanilines II.

17984-63-3P 59521-78-7P
RL: SFN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of (preparation of 17984-63-3 CAPLUS 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-gulfonamide, 6-azido-3,4-dihydro-3-(phenylmethyl) - 1,1-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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ANSMER 3 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continu 23141-88-0 CAPLUS 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiediazine-7-sulfonamide, 3,4-dihydro-6-nitro-,-dioxide (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) (Continued)

RN 86579-01-3 CAPLUS CN 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-amino-3,4-dihydro-, 1,1-dioxide (6CI, 7CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

11/03/2006

ANSMER 4 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued) 59521-78-7 CAPLUS 2H-1,2,4-Benzochiadiezine-7-sulfonamide, 6-azido-3-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-3,4-dihydro-, 1,1-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 5 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
1969:45864 CAPLUS
TITLE:
50:45864 CAPLUS
70:45864
STRUCTURE- ACTIVITY relations among the thiazide diuretics
AUTHOR(S):
Novello, Frederick C.; Sprague, James M.
Merck Sharp and Dohne Res. Lab. Div. Merck and Co., Inc., West Point, PA, USA
SOURCE:
10:45864 CAPLUS
70:45864 CAPLUS
70

potency
of 41 thiazides were examined Conversion of a thiazide to a

of 41 thiszides were examined Conversion of a thiszide to a hydrothiszide results in an increase in diuretic activity and a decrease in both acidity

and enzyme inhibition with no striking change in lipid solubility An appropriate substituent in position 6 is critical for diuretic activity

appropriate substituent in position 6 is critical for diuretic activity and produces a decrease in enzyme inhibition. In the thiszide series, 3-substitution increases enzyme inhibition and lipid solubility with little or no change in diuretic potency. Benzthiazide, however, shows a parallel increase in all 3 parameters. In the hydrothiszide series, 3-substitution does not consistently influence the inherently low order of enzyme inhibition but does show a direct relation between diuretic potency and lipid solubility IT 23141-81-3 23141-80-0 RL BIOL (Biological study) (as diuretic)

RN 23141-81-3 CAPLUS
CN 23141-81-3 CAPLUS
CN 24-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-nitro-, 1,1-dioxide (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 23141-88-0 CAPLUS CN 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 3,4-dihydro-6-nitro-, 1,1-dioxide (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ACCESSION NUMBER:

ANSWER 6 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
SSION NUMBER: 1968:95867 CAPLUS
E: 68:95867 CAPLUS
E: 68:95867 CAPLUS
E: 68:95867 CAPLUS
E: 68:95867 CAPLUS
E: 76-Azido-1,2,4-benzothiadiazines
FX ASSIGNEE(S): F2-Azido-1,2,4-benzothiadiazines
CE: CE: CDEN: FXXAK
MENT TYPE: PAEME
HOSE, PAEME TITLE: PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

PAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE PR 1476505 19670414 FR DE PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: 19610128

For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue. Compds. of the general formula I, useful as diuretic and saluretic

agents,

are prepared by cyclization of 5-azido-2,4-disulfamoylanilines (II) with aldehydes RCHO. Heating a mixture of 286 g. 5,2,4-Cl(H2NSO2)2C6H2NH2, 200

ml. 80% N2H4.H2O, and 600 ml. HOCH2CH2OMe 5 hrs. under reflux, pouring into 6 l. H2O, and adjusting to pH 7 with HCl gave 254 g. yellow 5-H2NNH-2,4-(H2NSO2)2C6H2NH2 (III), decomposed 215° (aqueous MeOH). A warm solution of 141 g. III in 500 ml. N HCl and 2 l. H2O at 0° was slowly added to 1 l. aqueous 0.5M NaNO2 when II separated and the mixture kept 6 min. at room temperature to give 126 g. II, decomposed 202° (EtOH-C). Refluxing a mixture of 29.3 g. II, 300 ml. EtOH, 20 ml. N NaOH, and 12 ml.

mì. 30% aqueous CH20 1 hr., adding 30 ml. N HCl, filtering, adding 500 ml.

H20 t the filtrate, concentrating, and allowing to crystallize gave 16.1 g. I

(IV), decomposed 200° (20% aqueous EtOH-C). Alternatively, refluxing a mixture of 29.3 g. II, 300 ml. EtOH, 300 ml. SN HCl, and 3.3 g. paraformaldehyde (or 3.3 g. trioxymethylene) 1 hr. gave a similar yield

IV. By a similar method using different aldehydes were prepared the following I (R, decomposition point, θ yield, and recrystg. solvent

following I (k, decomposation, po...).

1: Et,
310*, 83, aqueous Me2NCHO; Me2CHCH2, 192*, 66, 50% aqueous EtOH;
MeCH2CH2CH4e, 188*, 56, aqueous EtOH; cyclopentylmethyl, 190*,
53, aqueous EtOH; cyclohexylmethyl, 186*, 59, aqueous EtOH; p-ClC6H4,
208*, 87, EtOH; PhCH2, 194*, 68, -; ClCH2, 183*, 79,

-. 17984-56-4P 17984-57-5P 17984-58-6P 17984-59-7P 17984-60-0P 17984-61-1P 17984-62-2P 17984-63-3P 17984-64-4P

17984-52-2P 17984-63-3P 17984-68-4P (Preparation)
RL SPM (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)
RN 17984-56-4 CAPLUS
CN 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-azido-3,4-dihydro-,1.1-dioxide

(7CI. SCI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 5 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued)

ANSWER 6 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

17984-57-5 CAPLUS
2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-azido-3-ethyl-3,4-dihydro-,
1,1-dioxide (7CI, BCI) (CA INDEX NAME)

17984-58-6 CAPLUS 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-azido-3,4-dihydro-3-isobutyl-, 1,1-dioxide (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

17984-59-7 CAPLUS 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-azido-3,4-dihydro-3-(1-methylbutyl)-, 1,1-dioxide (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 17984-60-0 CAPLUS CN 2N-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 11/03/2006 (cyclopencylmethyl)-3,4-

ANSWER 6 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS ON STN dihydro-, 1,1-dioxide (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME) (Continued)

RN 17984-61-1 CAPLUS CN 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-aulfonamide, 6-azido-3-(cyclohexylmethyl)-3,4-dihydro-, 1,1-dioxide (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

17984-62-2 CAPLUS 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-azido-3-(p-chlorophenyl)-3,4-dihydro-, 1,1-dioxide (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

17984-63-3 CAPLUS 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiediazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-azido-3,4-dihydro-3-(phenylmethyl)-, 1,1-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CAPLUS

L4 ANSWER 7 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1967:37968 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 6-8itro-2-substituted-benzothiadiazines
INVENTOR(S): Robertson, Jerry Earl; Di Pierro, Frank; Biel, John

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE:

Colgate-Palmolive Co. U.S., 6 pp. CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE 19661122 US 1961-117288 19600614 US 3287215

US 1987:215 19661122 US 1961-117288 19600614 For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

Title compds. (I) effective as divertice and hypotensive agents were prepared by condensation of 2-substituted-2,4-disulfamoyl-5-nitroanilines (II) with aidehydes or acetals. II were prepared by reaction of 5-nitro-aniline-2,4-disulfonyl chloride (III) with 2 equivs. of NH3 followed by an excess of a primary amine. Thus, to 8.5 g. III in 50 ml. EtOH was added 39 ml. 1.27 N alc. NH3. After 30 min., 6 g. MeNH2 in 50

EtoH was added and the reaction mixture held 1 hr. at 30-5°. Dilution with 500 ml. H2O, concentration in vacuo to 400 ml., and cooling gave

with 500 ml. N2O, concentration in Vacuo to 400 ml., and cooling gave 4.0 g.

2-methyl-substituted II (IV). Similarly, 8.5 g. III with other amines gave II (g. amine, % yield, and m.p. of II given): 8.1 ELNN12, 75, 168-71° (V); 5.9 PrNN12, 71, 148-53°; 10 benzylamine, 75, 159-61° (VI); 1.3.5 CF51CM1012, HCl. 21 199-201° (VII). A mixture of 4.1 g. IV, 1.9 g. 3-oxobutyraldehyde dimethylacetal (XI) and 1 ml. concentrated HCl in 25 ml. HCONNe2 was held at 30 min. 90-100°. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue dissolved in hot EtOH.

filtration, hot water was added to the cloud point and the solution cooled to

obtain 3.5 g. I (R1 = Me, R2 = β oxopropyl), m. 215-17°. Other I were prepared similarly (II, aldehyde or acetal, R1, R2, % yield, and

of I, given:) IV (4.1 g.), phenylacetaldehyde dimethylacetal (VIII) (2.3 g.), Me, benzyl, 76, 240-5°; V (4.2), VIII (2.3), Et, benzyl, 74, 207-12°; IV (10.0), dichloroacetaldehyde (IX) (3.7), Me, CHCl2, 32, 266-7° (decomposition); V (3.0), chloroacetal (X) (1.45), Et, CH2Cl, 60, 217-18°; VII (3.8), VIII (1.7), CP3CH2, benzyl, 70, 224-6°; VII (3.8), IX (1.4), CP3CH2, CHCl2, 61, 236-8°; VII (3.0), X (1.4), CF3CH2, CH2CL, 61, 236-8°; VII (3.0), X (1.4), CF3CH2, CH2CL, 71, 218-20°; VII (3.0), XI (1.5), CF3CH2, AcCH2, 40, 191-5°; V (2.0), XI (1.1), Et, AcCH2, 50, 196-9°; V (1.3), IX (0.6), Et, CHCl2, 24, 222-4°; VI (2.6), IX, benzyl, CHCl2, 28, 222-3°; V (4.5), 3-oxo-3-phenyl-propanal, Et, BzCH2, 14, 221-2°.

222-3°; V (4.5), 3-oxo-3-phenyl-propanal, Et, BzCH2, 14, 221-2°.

IT 23141-88-0DP, 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 3,4-dihydro-6-nitro-, 1,1-dioxide, 2-substituted derivs. RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PR2P (Preparation) (preparation of); RN 23141-88-0 CAPLUS CN 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 3,4-dihydro-6-nitro-, 1,1-dioxide (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 6 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued)

17984-64-4 CAPLUS 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiszine-7-sulfonamide, 6-szido-3-(chloromethyl)-3,4-dihydro-,1,1-dioxide (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME) RN CN

ANSWER 7 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

(CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 8 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1966:84632 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 64:84632 64:15902b-d Substituted 3,4-dihydro-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine Substituted 3,4-dinydro-1,2,4-benze 1,1-dioxides Robertson, Jerry E.; Biel, John H. Colgate-Palmolive Co. 4 pp. Patent INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE: DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE : Unavailable PAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE US 1243343 19660329 US 1961-124381 19610717
GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.
AB Imino derive. of the subject compds. having a carbonyl group were described. E.g., a mixture of
3,4-dihydro-2-methyl-3-acetonyl-7-sulfamoyl-6-trifluoromethyl-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide (8.0 g.), 2.9 g.
1-hydrazinophthalazine, 150 ml. EtOH, and 2 drops AcOH was refluxed 18 hrs., and the solid which separated on cooling, was collected to give
Ia. The I prepared were as follows (R, X, R1, Y, m.p., and * yield): H, CF3, Me, (Is), 180-2°, 36; H, CP3, Me, Y2, 148-51°, 74; H, CP3, Me, OH, 213-15°, 89; Me, Cl, Me, Y1, 159-61°, 40; H, NO2, H, Y2, amorphous, 80; H, Cl, H, Y1, 172-4°, 40. I have hypotensive and diuretic activity.
5611-04-1; 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 3-acetonyl-3,4-dihydro-6-nitro-, 1,1-dioxide, 2H-1,2,3-benzothiadiazin-4-ylhydrazone S,S-dioxide (preparation of)
5611-04-1 CAPUUS
2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 3-acetonyl-3,4-dihydro-6-nitro-, 1,1-dioxide, 2H-1,2,3-benzothiadiazine-7-ylhydrazone S,S-dioxide (7CI, Y1 BCI)

(Continued)

ANSWER 8 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

L4 ANSWER 9 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1965:457560 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 63:57560
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 63:10538f-h
FValuation of certain hypotensive agents. VII.
Tetramethylpiperidine and benzothiadiazinate
derivatives
AUTHOR(S): Severe, Walter B.; Kinnard, William J.; Buckley,
Joseph P.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Univ. of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh, PA
JOURNAL OF PROMES. JOURNAL STANDAY
CODEN: JMSAE; ISSN: 0022-3549
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: Benglish
AB The hypotensive activities of 1-benzyl-3-hydrazinopiperidine dimaleate;
2,2,6,5,t-etramethyl-1,4-diazacycloheptan-5-one-HCl;
2,2,6,6,t-etramethyl-1,4-diazacycloheptan-5-one-HCl;
2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-1,4-diazacycloheptan-5-one-HCl;
2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-1,4-diazacycloheptan-5-one-HCl;
3,4-dihydro-6-nitro-7-sulfamoyl-1,1,3-trioxo-2H-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine
1,1-dioxo-2H-1,2,3-benzothiadiazin-4
ylhydrazone acetate; and 1-hydrazinophthalazine 3,4-dihydro-6-nitro-7-sulfamoyl-1,1,3-trioxo-2H-1,2,4-benzothiadiazinate
1,1-diaxo-2H-1,2,3-benzothiadiazin-4
ylhydrazone acetate; and 1-hydrazinophthalazine 3,4-dihydro-6-nitro-7-sulfamoyl-1,1,3-trioxo-2H-1,2,4-benzothiadiazinate
11 4040-16-8, 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazinate (II) were tested in anesthetized dogs and rats: the latter was most sensitive. The compds.
acted by ganglionic blockade. I and II caused hypotension in cats. Preand postganglionic conduction along sympathetic nerves was depressed but
pressor effects to exogenous epinephrine were potentiated.
11 4040-16-8, 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide,
3,4-dihydro-6-nitro-3-oxo-, 1,1-dioxide, compound with 1,2,6,6tetramethylpiperidine (I:1)
(blood pressure response to)
RN 4040-16-8 CAPLUS
CN 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide,
3,4-dihydro-6-nitro-3-oxo-, 1,1-dioxide, compound with 2,2,6,6tetramethylpiperidine (I:1)
(blood pressure response to)
RN 4040-16-8 CAPLUS

02N H NH

CRN 47068-12-2 CMF C7 H6 N4 O7 S2 L4 ANSWER 9 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued)

CRN 86-54-4
CMP C8 H8 N4

NNH
NN

RN 4086-66-2 CAPLUS
CN 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 3-benzyl-3,4-dihydro-6-nitro-, 1,1-dioxide (6CI, 7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 5489-75-8 CAPLUS
CN 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 3,4-dihydro-6-nitro-3-oxo-, 1,1-dioxide, compd. with 2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidine (1:1) (7CI, 8CI)

CN 1

CN 47058-12-2
CMF C7 H8 N4 O7 S2

L4 ANSWER 9 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued)

L4 ANSWER 10 OP 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1965:454729 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 63:54729
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO: 63:9707-1-,9971a
TITLE: 1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxides
INVENTOR(5): Kloss, Josef; Starke, Hans
SCURCE: 4DP.
DOCUMENT TYPE: 4PACENT LANGUAGE: Unavailable FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION NO. PATENT NO. KIND DATE DD 33143

For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

The reaction of o-aminobenzenesulfonamides with carboxylic acids in the presence of an inorg. acid chloride and a dehydrating agent such as H2SO4 produced the title compds. I. Thus, 6 g. of 5-chloro-2,4-di-sulfonamidoaniline was ground with 2 ml. glacial AcOH, 8 ml. POCl3 added, and the mixture heated at 60-70°. With evolution of HCl, the temperature rose to 100-10°, the mixture was cooled to 50-60°, 30 ml. concentrated H2SO4 added, and the mixture heated 2-3 hrs. at 60-80°, added. posites into ice H2O, and the precipitate washed with H2O, and recrystd. (80% MeOH) to yield I $\{R = Cl; Rl = Me\}$, m. 335-7°. The following derivs. of I were also prepared by a similar procedure $\{R, Rl, and m.p. given\}$: ClWere also prepared by a similar procedure (R, R), and m.p. given): Cl,

305-7°, Cl, Pr, 298-300°, Cl, isobutyl, 284-6°, Cl,

Cl, CH2Cl, 304-6°, Cl, CHCl2, 310-12°, Cl, CCl3; 310-15°;
Cl, CH2Br, 296-8°, Cl, CHBr2, 320-2°, Cl, CHBrMe,

288-90°; Cl, CHBrEt, 242°; Cl, CH2CH2Ac, 256-8°; Cl,
Ph. 354-6°; Cl, p-methoxybenzene, 348-50°; Cl, p-tolyl,

357-8°; Cl, benzyl, 284-6°, Cl, 2, 3, 4-trimethoxybenzene,

312°; Cl, 4-pyridyl, 375-7°, Cl, 2-pyridyl, 338-40°;
Cl, 3-pyridyl, 354-6°; CP3, Me, 317-9°; CP3, Et,

338-40°; P, Me, 345-7°; P, Et, 342-4; OMe, Me,

320-2°; P, benzyl, 294-6°; OMe, Et, 315-17°; Me, Me,

320-2°; P, benzyl, 294-6°, CM, Et, 315-17°; Me, Me,

3850-46-6, 4H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide,

3-methyl-6-nitro-, 1,1-dioxide

(preparation of)

2850-46-6 CAPLUS

4H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 3-methyl-6-nitro-, 1,1-dioxide

(6CI, 7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 10 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} O_2N & & H & Me \\ \hline \\ H_2N - & & & \\ \end{array}$$

L4 ANSWER 11 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1965:91022 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 62:91022 CAPLUS
G3:91022 CAPLUS
G3:91

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 1111200		19610720	DE	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US	19560502

The title compds, and alkali salts thereof were prepared by acylation of aminobenzenedisulfonyl chlorides with suitable organic acid chlorides or anhydrides, and treatment of the obtained N-acylaminobenzenedisulfonyl chlorides with NH3. The compds, may be therapeutically useful as diuretics. Thus, 5 g. 5-chloroaniline-2, 4-disulfonyl chloride (I) (m. 130-2*) in 15 cc. Ac20 kept 45 min. at room temperature, the mixture cooled, filtered, treated with 50 cc. 10% alc. NH3, evaporated to

divertics. Thus, 5 g. 5-cnioroaniine-2,4-disultonyi entoriae (1) (m. 130-2*) in 15 cc. Ac20 kept 45 min. at room temperature, the mixture cooled, filtered, treated with 50 cc. 10% alc. NH3, evaporated to dryness on the steam bath, the residue heated 2 hrs. at 200°, cooled, and the product recrystd. from dilute alc. gave 90% 6-chloro-3-methyl-7-sulfamoyl1,2,4-benzothiadiasine 1,1-dioxide, colorless needles, m. 332-3°
(decomposition). Similarly prepared were the following
1,2,4-benzothiadiasine 1,1-dioxide, colorless needles, m. 332-3°
(decomposition). Similarly prepared were the following
1,1-dioxides: using aniline-2,3-disulfonyl chloride, 50%
3-methyl-7-sulfamoyl-, m. 323-5°; using 4-chloroaniline-2,5disulfonyl chloride, 43% 7-chloro-3-methyl-6-sulfamoyl-, m. 323-5°;
using 5-methyl-3-gladianyl-, m. 340-31°, using 5-methyl-17-sulfamoyl-, m. 340-31°, using 5-methylaniline-2,4-disulfonyl chloride, 54% 3,6-dimethyl-7-sulfamoyl-, m. 349-51°; and using
5-nitroaniline-2,4-disulfonyl chloride, 49%
3-methyl-6-nitro-7-sulfamoyl-, m. 340-3°, I (6.6 g.) in 10 cc. BECl kept 17 hrs. at room temperature, and the product filtered, washed with C696, and recrystd. from C696 and hexane gave 90% N-benzoyl-5-chloroaniline-2,4-disulfonyl chloride (11), colorless needles, m. 171-3° (decomposition). Il (7.4 g.) added to 50-75 cc liquid NH3, the mixture evaporated to dryness at room temperature, the residue of N-benzoyl-5-chloro-2,4-disulfamoylaniline, m. 266° (decomposition), heated 2 hrs. at 200°, cooled, dissolved in 50 cc. 5% aqueous N80N, filtered, the filtrate acidified, and the product filtered, washed with H30, and recrystd. from tC0Ne2 and H20 gave 52%
6-chloro-3-penyl-7-sulfamoyl-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide, colorless flakes, m. above 350°. I (5.4 g.) treated 1 hr. with 10 cc. (PrCO) 20 and 10 cc. C6H6 as in the preparation of II gave 85%
N-butyry-5-chloroaniline-2,4-disulfonyl chloride (III), colorless needles, m. 121-2°. III (19.9 g.) added to 010 cc. liquid NH3, the mixture evaporated to dryness at room tempera

11/03/2006

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ANSWER 11 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued)
1,1-dioxide, colorless needles, m. 302.5-3.5°. Similarly prepd.
were the following 1,2.4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxides: using
N-caproyl-5-chloroaniline-2,4-disulfonyl chloride, m. 91-3°, 50%
6-chloro-3-emylsulfsmoyl-, colorless plates, m. 269-70°; and using
N-phenyl-acetyl-5-fluoroaniline-2,4-disulfonyl chloride, m. 195-7°,
23% 6-fluoro-3-benzyl-7-sulfamoyl-, m. 293-5° Cf. CA 62, 10377g.
2850-46-6, 4H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide,
(preparation of)
2850-46-6 CAPLUS
4H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 3-methyl-6-nitro-, 1,1-dioxide

4H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 3-methyl-6-nitro-, 1,1-dioxide (6CI, 7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 13 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS ON STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1964:19027 CAPLUS COUMENT NUMBER: 60:19027 CAPLUS CRIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 60:3392c-e

Antisaluretic thiazide derivatives Issekutz, Bela, Sr.; Jobbagyi, Nadine; Kelemen, AUTHOR (S) :

Ester;

Ester;

Oszwald, Edit
Med. Univ: Budapest
SOURCE: Acta Physiologica Academiae Scientiarum Hungaricae
(1963), 23(4), 407-13
CODEN: APACAB; ISSN: 0001-6756
JOURNAL TYPE: JOURNAL
LANGUAGE: German
German
German
The antisaluretic effect of 11 thiazide derivs. [I, R = NMe2, NBu2, or piperidino; II, R1 = Cl and R2 = H, CH2Ph, C2H4NNe2(IIa), or CH2CH:CMe2, R1 = H and R2 = NH2 [(IIb); III, R3 = H or Cl; and IV] which were

or sc manifested scarcely active as diuretic agents, was tested. IIa and IIb

ested a poor activity; conversely a high antisaluretic action was found for IV when administered at 0.5-2 mg./kg. to rats. In analogy with aldosterone, IV decreased the Na/K ratio; this effect disappeared in adrenalectomized rats, suggesting that aldosterone is necessary for the activity of IV.

To establish if vasopressin (V) is necessary for activity of IV, mannitol

administered to rats treated with IV in order to inhibit the action of

(6C1, 7CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 12 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1965:29711 CAPLUS
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO:: 62:5280c-e
TITLE: 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
62:529711 CAPLUS
62:529711 CAPLUS
62:5280c-e
Diuretics. 6-Substituted 3-oxoalkyl-3,4-dihydro-2H1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxides and related anils,

AUTHOR (S)

CORPORATE SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Is, 3,4-benrothiodiszine 1,1-dioxides and related oximes, and hydrazones

NOR(S): Robertson, Jerry E., Dusterhoft, Donald A.; Mitchell, Thomas F., Jr.

PORATE SOURCE: Colgate-Palmoire Co., Milwaukee, WI Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1965), 8(1), 90-5 CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623 Journal Suuges: Condensation of appropriate oxo aldehydes with 5-substituted 2,4-disulfamoylanilines under acid catalysis provided a group of 6-substituted 3,4-dihydro-2H-1,2,4-benzothiadiszine-7-sulfonamide 1,1-dioxides (1) containing 3-oxoalkyl substituents. When B-oxo aldehydes were used and the 2-sulfamoyl group was at least monosubstituted, either the usual ring-closure products or isomeric enol-anils swere isolated depending on reaction conditions. Evidence for the enol-anil structures included interconversions between isomeric pairs and spectral and degradative studies. Unusual hydrazones and oximes were prepared and studied. Pharmacol. evaluation revealed several potent diuretic agents and other, less anticipated, biol. properties for the compds. reported.

3754-08-3, 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiszine-7-sulfonamide, 3-acetonyl-3,4-dihydro-6-nitro-, 1,1-dioxide (preparation of) 3754-08-3 CAPLUS
3754-08-3 CAPLUS
3754-08-3 CAPLUS
3754-08-3 CAPLUS
3754-08-3 CAPLUS
3754-08-3 CAPLUS

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L4 ANSWER 14 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1964:19026 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 60:19026
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 60:3392b-c
ITILE: On the successive stages of the sympatholytic activity

activity

of yohimbic acid

AUTHOR(S): Raymond-Hamet

SOURCE: Compt. Rend. (1963), 257(16), 2351-4

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Unavailable

AB Yohimbic acid has a sympatholytic effect greater than yohimbine, and is

less toxic. The sympatholytic action evaluated by the modification of

changes in xenal volume and carotid pressure induced by adrenaline, shows the same successive stages as yohimbine. The physiol. effects in the anesthetized dog are detailed.

86579-01-3, 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide,
6-amino-3,4-dihydro-, 1,1-dioxide
(electrolytes in urine after administration)

86579-01-3 CAPLUS
2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-amino-3,4-dihydro-,-dioxide
(6CI, 7CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 15 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS ON STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1963:417883 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 59:17883

DOCUMENT NUMBER: ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: TITLE: AUTHOR(S):

CORPORATE SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

SSION NUMBER: 1963:417883 CAPLUS
MENT NUMBER: 59:17883
INAL REFERENCE NO.: 59:12390-e
B: Pharmaceutical research [saluretics]
OR(S): Issekutz, Bela, Sr.
ORATE SOURCE: Orvostudomanyi Egyet., Budapest, Hung.
CE: Magy. Tud. Akad Biol. Orvosi Tud. Oszt. Koezlemen.
(1963), 14, 49-63
Journal
UNGE: Unavailable
Under: Of the 11 thiazide derive. of little or no diuretic effect, K 35
(6-amino-7-sulfamoyl-3,4-dyhydro-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide) and

1273 (2-dimethylaminoethyl-6-chloro-3,4-dihydro-7-sulfamoyl-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide) had a weak anti-saluretic effect; Szi-1181 (3,3,7,7-dipentamethylene-2H,8H-benzo(1,2-e:5,4-e*)bis[1,2,4]thiadiazine 1,1,9,9-tetraoxide) was strongly saluretic. The latter, however, had no effect on adrenalectomized animals and did not accentuate the effects of vasopressin, although its effect could be blocked by mannitol. 86579-01-3, 2H-1,2,4-Benzothladiazine-7-aulfonamide, 6-amino-3,4-dihydro-, 1,1-dioxide (effect on electrolyte excretion) 88579-01-3 CAPLUS 2H-1,2,4-Benzothladiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-amino-3,4-dihydro-,-dioxide (SCI, 7CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

(6CI, 7CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 16 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued) dihydro-, 1,1-dioxide 17984-63-3, 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-azido-3-benzyl-3,4-dihydro-, 1,1-dioxide 17984-64-4, 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-azido-3-(chloromethyl)-3,4-, 2H-1,2,4-3enzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-azido-3-(chiztomed dihydro-, 1,1-dioxide (prepn. of)
RN 17984-56-4 CAPLUS
CN 2H-1,2,4-3enzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-azido-3,4-dihydro-,
1,1-dioxide
(7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CAPLUS 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-azido-3-ethyl-3,4-dihydro-,1,1-dioxide (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

17984-58-6 CAPLUS 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-azido-3,4-dihydro-3-isobutyl-, 1,1-dioxide (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

17984-59-7 CAPLUS
2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-azido-3,4-dihydro-3-(1-methylbutyl)-, 1,1-dioxide (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 16 OP 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1563:14924 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 58:14924
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 58:2461d-f,2462a
Synthesis of 6-azido-7-sulfamoyl-3,4-dihydro-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxides .
INVENTOR(s): Siedel, Malter; Sturm, Kerl; Nahm, Helmut
PATENT ASSIGNEE(s): 4pp.

FATENT ASSIGNEE(s): 4pp.

INVENTOR(s):
PATENT ASSIGNEE(s):
SOURCE:
DOCUMENT TYPE:
LANGUAGE:

Unavailable

PAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 1135919		19620906	DE 1961-P33088	19610128
FR M1871			FR	
GB 987905			GB	
US 3252862		1966	US	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			DE	19610128

AB A mixture of 286 g. 5-chloro-2,4-disulfamoylaniline, 200 ml. 80% hydrazine

hydrate, and 600 ml. ethylene glycol monomethyl ether is refluxed 5 hrs. The mixture is diluted with 6 l. water, adjusted to pH 7 with HCl, and

The mixture is diluted with 6 1. water, adjusted to pH 7 with HCl, and worked up to give 90% 5-hydrazino-2.4-disulfamoylaniline (I), decomposing at 215°. To a mixture of 500 ml. N HCl and 2 1. water is added 141 g. I with gentle heating. The resulting mixture is cooled to 0° and mixed into 1 1. 0.5M NaNO2 at about 0°. The mixture is stirred 10 min. at room temperature, treated with 500 ml. N HCl, and worked up to give 86% 5-azido-2.4-disulfamoylaniline (II), decomposing at 202°. A mixture of 29.3 g. II, 300 ml. EtcH, 20 ml. N HCl, and worked up to give 86% 6-azido-7-sulfamoyla-3.4-dihydro-1.2.4-benzothiadiazine 1.1-dioxide (III), decomposing at 202°. II is also prepared using HCl in place of NaOH. Similarly are prepared several substituted III (substituent and decomposition 200°. III is also prepared using HCl in place of NaOH. Similarly are prepared several substituted III (substituent and decomposition point given): 3-ethyl, 210°; 3-(2-methylpropyl), 192°; 3-(1-methylbutyl), 188°; 3-benzyl, 194°; 3-chloromethyl, 183°; 3-(p-chlorophenyl), 208°; 3-(cyclopentylmethyl), 190°; 3-(cyclohexylmethyl), 190°; 3-(cyclohexylmethyl), 186°, 3-chloromide, 6-azido-3.4-dihydro-1.1.dioxide 17984-57-5, 2H-1.2.4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-azido-3.4-dihydro-3-inomethyl), 1-dioxide 17984-56-4, 2H-1.2.4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-azido-3.4-dihydro-3-(1-methylbutyl)-1, 1-dioxide 17984-60-0, 2H-1.2.4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-azido-3.4-dihydro-3-(1-methylbutyl)-1, 1-dioxide 17984-60-0, 2H-1.2.4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-azido-3.4-dihydro-3-inomethylbutyl)-1, 1-dioxide 17984-60-0, 2H-1.2.4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-azido-3-(cyclohexylmethyl)-3.4-dihydro-1, 1-dioxide 17984-61-1, 2H-1.2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-azido-3-(cyclohexylmethyl)-3.4-dihydro-1, 1-dioxide 17984-61-1, 2H-1.2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-azido-3-(cyclohexylmethyl)-3.4-dihydro-1, 1-dioxide 17984-61-1, 2H-1.2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-azido-3-(p-chlorophenyl)-3,4-

ANSWER 16 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued)

RN 17984-60-0 CAPLUS
CN 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide,
6-azido-3-(cyclopentylmethyll-3,4dihydro-, 1,1-dioxide (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 17984-61-1 CAPLUS
CN 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide,
6-azido-3-(cyclohexylmethyl)-3,4dihydro-, 1,1-dioxide (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

17984-62-2 CAPLUS

2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-azido-3-(p-chlorophenyl)-3,4-dihydro-, 1,1-dioxide (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Page 14

ANSWER 16 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continu 17984-63-3 CAPLUS 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiezine-7-sulfonamide, 6-azido-3,4-dihydro-3-(phenylmethyl)-, 1,1-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

17984-64-4 CAPLUS 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-azido-3-(chloromethyl)-3,4-dihydro-, 1,1-dioxide (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME) RN CN

ANSWER 17 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued)

17984-57-5 CAPLUS 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-azido-3-ethyl-3,4-dihydro-,1,1-dioxide (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

17984-58-6 CAPLUS 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide,6-szido-3,4-dihydro-3-isobutyl-,1,1-dioxide (7CI,8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

17984-59-7 CAPLUS 28-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-szido-3,4-dihydro-3-(1-methylbutyl)-, 1,1-dioxide (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 17984-60-0 CAPLUS

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L4 ANSWER 17 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS ON STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1962:483321 CAPLUS
ORIGINAL REPERENCE NO: 57:16639d-9
TITLE: 57:16639d-9
TITLE: 1,24-Benzothiadiazines
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): 50URCE: 15.pp
DOCUMENT TYPE: 15.pp
Patent

Unavailable

LANGUAGE PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE BE 613226 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: 19620730 19610128

For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.
3-Alkyl derivs. (I) of 6-azido-7-sulfamoyl-3,4-dihydro-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide have diuretic properties and can be used against edemas and idiopathic hypertomia. 5,2,4-R2NNH(HZNOZS)2C6HZNHZ is treated with NaNO2 to form 5,2,4-N3(HZNOZS)2C6HZNHZ (II). II (29.3 g.)

mixed with 300 ml. EtoH, 300 ml. 5N HCl, and 3.3 g. (H2CO)3, the mixture heated to reflux 1 hr., and the mixture kept at room temperature 24 hrs.

heated to reflux 1 hr., and the mixture kept at the to give 14.7 g. I (R = H), m. 200° (decomposition) (EtOH-H2O). Similarly prepared are I (R and m.p. given): Et, 210° (decomposition) (HCONMe2-H2O); Me2CHCH2, 192° (decomposition) (50° aqueous EtOH); Me(CH2)2CHMe, 188° (decomposition) (50° aqueous EtOH); 190° (decomposition) (aqueous EtOH); cyclopentylmethyl, 190° (decomposition); cyclopentylmethyl, 186° (decomposition); aqueous EtOH); 4-ClC6H4.

(decomposition) (aqueous
 EtOH): cyclohexylmethyl, 186* (decomposition) (50% aqueous EtOH);
4-ClC6H4,
208* (decomposition) (50% EtOH); PhCH2, 194* (decomposition); and
 ClCH2, 183* (decomposition) (aqueous EtOH).

IT 17984-56-4, 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide,
6-azido-3,4-dihydro-, 1,1-dioxide 17984-57-5,
2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-azido-3-4-dihydro-,
1,1-dioxide 17984-56-6, 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide,
6-azido-3,4-dihydro-3-isobutyl-, 1,1-dioxide 17984-59-7,
2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-azido-3,4-dihydro-3-(1-methylbutyl)-, 1,1-dioxide 17984-60-0, 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine7-sulfonamide, 6-azido-3-(cyclopentylmethyl)-3,4-dihydro-, 1,1-dioxide
17984-61-1, 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide,
6-azido-3-(cyclopentyl)-3,4-dihydro-, 1,1-dioxide 17984-62-2,
2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide,
6-azido-3-(p-chlorophenyl)-3,4-dihydro-, 1,1-dioxide 17984-64-4,
2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-azido-3-(chloromethyl)-3,4-dihydro-, 1,1-dioxide
(preparation of)
RN 17984-56-4 CAPLUS
CN 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-azido-3,4-dihydro-,
1,1-dioxide
(7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 17 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN CN 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-azido-3-(cyclopentylmethyl)-3,4-dinydro-, 1,1-dioxide (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME) (Continued)

RN 17984-61-1 CAPLUS
CN 2H-1/2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide,
6-azido-3-(cyclohexylmethyl)-3,4dihydro-, 1,1-dioxide (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

17984-62-2 CAPLUS 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-azido-3-(p-chlorophenyl)-3,4-dihydro-,1,1-dioxide (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-szido-3,4-dihydro-3-(phenylmethyl)-, 1,1-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 17 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued)

17984-64-4 CAPLUS 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiszine-7-sulfonamide, 6-azido-3-(chloromethyl)-3,4-dihydro-,1,1-dioxide (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 18 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued) 847-27-8 CAPLUS 4H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-amino-3-(trifluoromethyl)-,1,1-dioxide (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

3791-98-8 CAPLUS 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-amino-3,4-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, 1,1-dioxide (7CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) RN CN

L4 ANSWER 18 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS ON STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1962:469313 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 57:69313
TITLE: 3-Perfluoroslkyl-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide

Smith Kline & French Laboratories PATENT ASSIGNEE (S) :

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. GB 898853 US 3261794 19620614 GB 1960-14234 19600422 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: 19590501

For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.
5-Substituted-2,4-disulfamoylanilines are treated with an excess of RCO2H and anhydride at boiling temps. and the resulting N-acyl derivative

AB 5-Süberituted-2.4-disulfamoylanilines are treated with an excess of RCO2 and anhydride at boiling temps. and the resulting N-acyl derivative cyclized at 200-350° to form I, where R = P3C and RI = Cl, P3C, NO2, or NH2, and the corresponding 2,3-dihydro compds. by use of NaBH4 or catalytic hydrogenation. The prepared compds. are diuretic, natriuretic and antihypertensive agents. Thus, 18.2 g. 2,4-disulfamoyl-5-chloroaniline (11), 200 ml. P3CCO3H, and 134 g. (F3CCO3O refluxed overnight, the mixture evaporated, the residue recrystd. from aqueous EtOH gave the NHCOCF3

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L4 ANSWER 19 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1962:416929 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 57:16929 ORIGINAL REPERENCE NO.: 57:34466-1,3447a-d

Synthesis of potential diuretic agents. V.

Derivatives AUTHOR (S) :

of a new tricyclic system, benzo[1,2-e,5,4-e']bis[2-methyl-3,4-dihydro-1,2,4-thisdiszine 1,1-dioxide] Swett, Leo R.; Freifelder, Morris; Stone, George R. Abbott Labe., North Chicago Journal of Organic Chemistry (1961), 26, 3431-4 CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263

CORPORATE SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: Unavailable

UNAVALIBDIE

of. CA 56, 15513c. The title compds, were tested for diuretic activity.

A novel synthesis of 4,6-diamino-N1,N3-dimethyl-1,3-benzenediaulfonamide
(I) was described. A new tricyclic system was formed by ring closure of

with aldehydes. 4-Amino-6-chloro-1,3-benzenedisulfonamide (236 g.) and

g. urea was heated at 610° in a 3 l. glass lined Hastelloy bomb 25 hrs. without shaking. The product was cooled, dissolved in 3 l. H20, treated with Darco, and filtered. The filtrate was acidified with HCl

left overnight at 4°. The product was filtered, washed with water, and recrystd. from HCONNe2-H2O to give 75% benzo[1,2-e.5,4-e']bis[3-oxo-3,4-dihydro-1,2,4-thiadiazine 1,1-dioxide) monohydrate (II), m. 370° (decomposition). A solution of 25 g. II in 100 ml. HCONNe2 was

added dropwise to a stirred suspension of 6.8 g. Nail as 56% oil dispersion in 80 ml. HCONMe2. The mixture was stirred 1 hr., 22.5 g. MeI in 25 ml. HCONMe2 was added dropwise, heated 1 hr., then cooled and diluted with

200

ml. H2O. The precipitate was filtered off and washed with water to give

benzo[1,2-e,5,4-e']bis[2-methyll-oxo-3,4-dihydro-1,2,4-thiadiszine
1,1-dioxide] (III), m. 350-3° (decomposition) (HCONMe2, MeOH and H2O).
Ninety grams of III was dissolved in 900 ml. 20% NaOH solution, refluxed overnight, and filtered. The filtrate was cooled and acidified with 6N HCl, and the precipitate thus formed filtered off, washed with H2O, and recrystd.

from HCONMe2 to give 70% 4,6-diamno-N1,N3-dimethyl-1,3-benzenedisulfonamide (I), m. 274-6°. Three grams I was dissolved in 150 ml. H2O and 10 ml. HCONMe2, refluxed 15 min. with addition of 8 ml.

37% HCHO solution during this period (a precipitate appeared), further

min., cooled to room temperature, and filtered to give 3.1 g benzo[1,2-e,5,4-e']bis[2-methyl-3,4-dihydro1,2,4-thiadiazine

1,1-dioxide),
m. 318-19* (HCONMe2, MeOH, and H2O). Benzo[1,2-e,5,4-e']bis[3-chloromethyl-2-methyl-3,4-dihydro-1,2,4-thiadiazine 1,1-dioxide] (V), m. 202-3 (HCONMe2-H2O) was prepared from chloroacetaldehyde and I in 79%

5. Benzo[1,2-e,5,4-e']bis[3-carboxy-2-methyl-3,4-dihydro-1,2,4-thiadiazine 1,1-dioxide] (VI), m. 254-6° (decomposition), was obtained from Me dimethoxyacetate and I in 11% yield. These compds. were ineffective diuretic agents. To delineate fully the nature of the reaction of 4-amino-6-chloro-1,2-benzenediaulfonamide and urea the following compds. were prepared 6-Amino-7-(methylsulfamoyl)-3-oxo-3,4-dihydro-1,2,4-

Page 16

ANSWER 19 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued) benzothiadiazine 1,1dioxide (VII), m. 285-6° (H2O), was prepd. by heating 12.1 g. 6-chloro-2-methyl-3-oxo-7-sulfamoyl-3,4-dihydro-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide (VIII) and 20.0 g. urea at 180° 24 hrs. The product dissolved in 200 ml. H2O, treated with Darco, filtered, concd. in vacuum, and cooled (cyanuric acid was filtered off), the filtrete acidified with HCl and left at 4° 12 hrs. gave 28% VII. 4-Amino-2-chloro-5-(methylsulfamoyl)benzenesulfonamide (IX) (29.95 g.)

60.0 g. urea similarly gave VII in 62% yield, m. 283-5°. The mixed m.p. of compd. VII prepd. by the above two procedures was undepressed. The compd. IX m. 196° (25.3%) was isolated by incomplete reaction when VIII and urea were fused, as described above, only for 8 hrs. The m.p. was not depressed when mixed with an authentic sample of IX. This indicated that the reaction of urea with compd. VIII proceeded through

the intermediate IX to give VII. Purther chem. evidence was cited in support of structure VII.
92187-63-3, 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide,
6-amino-3,4-dihydro-N-methyl-3-oxo-, 1,1-dioxide
(preparation of)
92187-68-3 CAPLUS
2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-amino-3,4-dihydro-N-methyl-3-oxo-, 1,1-dioxide (7CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT

RN CN

ANSWER 20 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ANSWER 20 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN SSION NUMBER: 1962:410899 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 57:10899 57:2236a-c

TITLE: 6-Substituted-7-sulfamoy1-3,4-dihydro-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxides

INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Chemische Fabrik von Heyden A.-G.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Unavailable

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE DE 1118788 19611207 DE 1959-C18459 195
The title compds., substituted in the 6-position by R = Br, CI, C
OMe, or a lower alkyl radical, were prepared in a 80-90% yield by 19590220 CF3, NO2,

treating
2.4-disulfochloro-5-(R-substituted)aniline and hexamethylenetetramine (I)
or HCNO and NH3 (moler ratio 3:2) in an organic solvent at room

heating the product in water or an organic solvent at 50-100° and finally boiling the selts or methylol compds. obtained in water. Thus, 3.2 g. 5-chloroaniline-2,4-di(sulfonyl chloride) (II), m. 142° was dissolved in 20 ml. acetone and at room temperature 3.5 g. I in 10 ml.

added. After the addition the condensation compound (III) precipitated in 95-7%

yield, m. 191° (decomposition). III was also prepared by adding all at one time a freshly prepared mixture of 7.6 ml. 25% NH4OH and 15 ml. 30% нсно

to 3.2 g. II in 20 ml. EtOH at room temperature A mixture of 4 g. III

and 100 ml. as heated to 80° to complete solution After 2 hrs. boiling, the solution was cooled, the precipitate filtered off, and the precipitate boiled in water till no more HcNO escaped to yield 80-90% (6-R-substituted)-7-sulfamoyl-3,4-dihydro-1,2,4-benzothiadiszine 1,1-dioxide (IV) (R = Cl), m. 262° Similarly were prepared IV (R, m.p. of condensation product, and m.p. of free compound given): Br. 179-84% (decomposition), 279-80° NO2,151-4% (decomposition), 258-9°; Me. 177-80° (decomposition), 259-61°; OMe, 190-200° (decomposition), 200° CF3. - 265° [T] 23141-88-0, 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiszine-7-sulfonamide, 3,4-dihydro-6-nitro-, 1,1-dioxide (preparation of)
RN 23141-88-0 CAPLUS C. 24H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiszine-7-sulfonamide, 3,4-dihydro-6-nitro-, 1,1-dioxide (6C1, 7C1, 8C1, 9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

(6C1, 7C1, 8C1, 9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 21 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1962:56941 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 56:56941
DITTLE: 56:10861c-e
DITTLE: DIVERTIC STREET SOURCE: 164ebuts, B.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Med. Univ., Budapeat
SOURCE: 557-61
CODEN: FATOAO; ISSN: 0014-8318
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: Unavailable
AB Chlorothiezide, 6-chloro-7-sulfamoyl-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide, yields a 3,4-dihydro derivative, hypothiazide (1). Taking the diuretic and

saluretic activities (in rats) of chlorothiazide as 1, resp. activities

of

I were 4.1, 10.8; among derivs., peak activity (16.0, 40.0) was reached
with pentamethylene instead of the 2 H atoms in the 3-position. Other
activating substitutions were 5-Cl (5.8, 4.0); 3-Me (1.7, 4.0); 3-Ccl3
(1.1, 6.2); and ring rupture at 2 to form 1-SO2MH2 and NHCH3OMe groups
(3.5, 7.5). Other substitutions, giving activities less than 1, were
6-NH2, 3-H (no activity), 5-Br. After ring rupture the groups SO2NHMe
(0.7, 0.9) and SO2NET2 (0.0) lowered activity. Effective diuretic doses
(mg./kg.) were determined for I derivs. in which the 3-CH2 group is
replaced:
CHBt 0.5; CHCH:CH2 0.2; CHCH:CHMe 1.0; and side rings, 4-methylcyclohexyl
4.0; cyclopentyl 0.2; thiacyclohexyl 0.2; dithiacyclopentyl 0.1;
piperidyl
4.0; N-ethylpiperidyl 4.0; I 0.2. The relatively inactive

nayı 4.0; N-ethylpiperidyl 4.0; I 0.2. The relatively inactive N-ethylpiperidyl derivative had a pronounced hypotensive effect. 86579-01-3, 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-amino-3,4-dihydro-, 1,1-dioxide

(as diuretic)
66579-01-3 CAPLUS
2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-amino-3,4-dihydro-, RN 86579-U1-CN 2H-1,2,4-BenzothiaGiam-1,1-dioxide (6CI, 7CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 22 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1962:18376 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 56:18376 56:3496f-h ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO. :

35-Mercepttoelkyl-3,4-dihydro- 1,2,4-benzothiadiezine 1,1dioxide derivatives Lund, Frantz; Godtfredsen, Wagn Ole Loevens Kemiske Fabrik ved. A. Kongsted

INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE From: SOURCE From: DOCUMENT TYPE: Division of Brit. 863,474.

Patent Unavailable LANGUAGE

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE GB 863508 GB 19600120 GB 863508
AB CA 55, 19971b. Derive. of 7-sulfonyl-3,4-dihydro-1,2,4benzothiedizzinc 1,1-dioxide (I) were prepared They exert saluretic effects in humans. Thus, 2.9 g, 5-chloro-2,4-disulfa-moyaniline and g. phenylthicacctaldehyde diethyl acetal was refluxed 5 hrs. in 75 ml. dioxane with a catalytic

of toluenesulfonic acid, the mixture evaporated to dryness, the residue triturated with CH2Cl2, then hexane, the precipitate dissolved in EtOAc,

or toluemeultonic acid, the mixture evaporated to dryness, the residue triturated with CH2Cl2, then hexane, the precipitate dissolved in EtOAc, precipitated by adding CH2Cl2-hexane, then precipitated from EtOH-H2O to give 3-phenylthiomethyl-6-chloro derivative of I, m. 201°. Similarly prepared were 3-benzylthiomethyl-6-chloro derivative of I, m. 202°.
3-phenylthiomethyl-6-nitro derivative of I, m. 227.5°;
3-phenylthiomethyl-6-methyl derivative of I, m. 189°;
3-phenylthiomethyl-6-methyl derivative of I, m. 202°.
3-benzylthiomethyl-6-methyl derivative of I, m. 202°.
3-benzylthiomethyl-6-methyl derivative of I, m. 203-4°.

1T 93867-61-9, 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide,
3,4-dihydro-6-nitro-3-[(phenylthio)methyl]-, 1,1-dioxide
94672-48-7, 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide,
3-[2-(benzylthio)ethyl]-3,4-dihydro-6-nitro-, 1,1-dioxide
(preparation of)
RN 93667-61-9 CAPLUS
CN 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 3,4-dihydro-6-nitro-3((phenylthio)methyl]-, 1,1-dioxide (7CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

94672-48-7 CAPLUS 2H-1,2,4-Benzohiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 3-[2-(benzylthio)ethyl]-3,4-dihydro-6-nitro-, 1,1-dioxide (7CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 23 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1962:10546 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 56:10546 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 56:1968a-c

TITLE: AUTHOR(S):

56:1968a-c Diuretic effect of hydrochlorothiazide derivatives Issekutz, Bela., Sr.; Jobbagyi, Zsolt; Oszvald, Edit; Szekely, Mihaly Orvostudomanyi Egyetem, Budapest, Hung. Magyar Tudomanyos Akad. Biol. es Orvosi Tudomanyok Osztalyansk Kozlemenyei (1961), 12, 61-76 CORPORATE SOURCE: SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: Unavailable
As compared with chlorothiazide, the effect of hydrochlorothiazide (I)
was

10-fold stronger. Its effect could be increased further by introducing a dichloromethyl group at C-3, or by building a 3rd ring into the compound

this point. The resulting 3,3-pentamethylene-I and 3,3-(3-thiapenta-methylene-I were 2-4-fold more effective than I. The I derive.
increased
Na excretion. As long as a Na excess was present in the operation.

Na excretion. As long as a Na excess was present in the organism, the excretion was not affected. Extirpation of the adrenals did not alter

the

effect of I if the rats were kept on a physiol. sufficient cortexone and
hydrocortisone regimen. Excess cortexone doses >1.5 mg./kg. or >0.1 mg.
aldosterone/kg. inhibited the I effect.

IT 86579-01-3, 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide,
6-amino-3,4-dihydro-, 1,1-dioxide
(as diuretic)

RN 86579-01-3 CAPLUS

CN 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-amino-3,4-dihydro-,
1,1-dioxide
(6CI, 7CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 22 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

L4 ANSWER 24 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS ON STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1962:10545 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 56:10545 ORIGINAL REPERENCE NO.: 56:1967g-1,1968a

56:1967g-i,1968a Effect of adrenergic blocking agents on some metabolic

actions of catechol amines AUTHOR (S)

Mayer, Steven E.; Moran, Neil C.; Fain, John Emory Univ., Atlanta, GA, USA Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics CORPORATE SOURCE: SOURCE:

(1961), 134, 18-27 CODEN: JPETAB; ISSN: 0022-3565

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: Unavailable

B Dichloro-isoproterenol (I) is known to prevent both adrenaline
(II)-induced increase of contractile force and activation of

phorylase
in the dog heart in situ. The present study demonstrates that I almost
completely abolishes the increase in blood sugar and free fatty acids
induced by II, noradrenaline (III), and isoproterenol in the dog. The
hyperlactic-acidemic effect of II is partly blocked. I does not block
II-induced hyperglycemia in mice. In contrast to I, phenoxybenzamine

does not affect the hyperglycemia or increase in blood lactic acid induced

ned by II in the dog. Ergotamine antagonizes the hyperglycemia but not the increase in lactic acid. IV effectively blocks the vasopressor response to II and III, and ergotamine produces maximal reversal of II. None of these drugs in the doses used antagonized the pos. inctropic effect of adrenergic stimuli. Both I and IV increase blood glucose and lactic

High doses of I appear to antagonize the hyperglycemic action of low doses. The hyperglycemia and lactic acid increase produced by IV are antagonized by I. I also produces a marked and sustained increase in

fatty acids even with doses which do not block the action of II.

Possible

isible
mechanisms of action are discussed.
85579-01-3, 2H-1, 2, 4-Benzothiadiszine-7-sulfonamide,
6-amino-3, 4-dihydro-, 1, 1-dioxide
(as diuretic)
85579-01-3 CAPLUS

NN 08979-01-3 CAPDOS CN 2H-1,2-4-Benzorbhadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-amino-3,4-dihydro-, 1,1-dioxide (SCI, 7CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Page 18

L4 ANSWER 25 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1961:105988 CAPLUS 1961:105988 CAPLUS 55:105988 55:105988 55:19971b-g Benzochtadiazine derivatives Lund, Frantz; Godtfredsen, Wagn O. Lovens Kemiske Fabrik ved. A. Kongsted Patent DOCUMENT NUMBER: ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: INVENTOR (S) PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: Unavailable FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
GB 863474		19610322	GB	
DE 1226107			DE	
DK 97587			DK	
US 3254076		1966	US	
US 3254077		1966	us	

AB 6-Substituted 7-sulfamoyl-3,4-dihydro-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxides (1), prepared from a substituted 2,4-disulfamoylaniline (II) and RCH) AlZ(OM6)2, or HZC:GHOR, had saluretic effects in rate and humans. Thus,

solution of 3.2 g. 5-trifluoromethyl-2,4-disulfamoylaniline, 25 ml.

and 10 ml. ethylal, and a catalytic amount of p-MeC6H4SO3H was refluxed overnight and worked up to give the 6-trifluoromethyl derivative of I, m. 271-2°. By varying RCH0 (or acetal) reactant, the following 3-substituted-6-trifluoromethyl analogs of I were prepared: Me (from

3-substituted-6-trifluoromethyl analogs of I were prepared: Me (from H: Ch2, EtoCHclMe, or ClCH2CHO), m. 240-40.5°; ClCH2, m. 245-45.5; BrCH2 (III), m. 209-10°; Et, m. 255-6°; Pr. 231-3°; iso-Pr. m. 244-5°; Bu, m.216-17°; 8-hydroxybutyl, m. 175-5.5°; n-pentyl, m. 190-1°; γ-nitropentyl, m. 243.5-5°; acetonyl, m. 208-9°; β-methoxyethyl, m. 188-90°; dicarbethoxymethyl, m. 232-4°; p-methoxyphenethyl, m. 250-1.5°; benzyl (IV), m. 243-4°; p-methoxyphenethyl, m. 250-1.5°; benzyl (IV), m. 243-4°; p-hencthyl, m. 231-21.5°; phenethyl, m. 231-21.5°; phenoxymethyl, m. 221-21.5°; phenoxymethyl, m. 221-21.5°; phenoxymethyl, m. 231-21.5°; phenoxymethyl, m. 231-21.5°; phenoxymethyl, m. 230-1°; Bz. 261-2°; decomposition); p-aminophenoxymethyl, m. 231-4°; 2,4-dichlorophenoxymethyl, m. 203-1°; Bz. 261-2°; benzylthiomethyl, 202-3°; β-benzylthioethyl, 134-46°; 2-pyridyl, m. 304-6° (decomposition); 2-furyl, m. 190-2°; 3-cyclohexyl, m. 258-9°; 1-propenyl, m. 213-5°; n-hexyl, 178-9°, 3-pyridyl, m. 240-1°; attryl, m. 167-9°. Substitution of a ketone for the aldehyde reactant yields the corresponding 3,3-digubstituted-6-trifluoromethyl analog of I; thus, acetone and 6-trifluoromethyl derivative of II gave the 3,3-dimethyl-6-trifluoromethyl derivative of II gave the 3,3-dimethyl-3-methyl-3-carbethoxym m. 213-13°; cyclopentane-1,3-spiro, m. 232-4°; cyclohexane-1,3-spiro, m. 261-2°; 2-chlorocyclohexane-1,3-spiro, m. 218-19°; 4-chlorocyclohexane-1,3-spiro, m. 218-19°; 4-chlorocyclohexane-1,3-

ANSWER 25 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued)

ANSWER 25 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued) spiro (VII), m. 217-18°. By varying the 5-substituent in II, the following 3,3-dimethyl-6-substituted.7-sulfamoyl-3,4-dihydro-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxides were prepd. NO2, m. 233-3.5°; Cl (VIII), m. 230-1°; Br, m. 228-9°; MeO, m. 240-0.5°; Me, m. 243-4°; H, m. 242-2.5°. The following were prepd. similarly (substituents given): 3-Me, 3-Et, 6-Cl, m. 231-3°; 3-Me, 3-CC142, 6-NO2; 3-Me, 3-CC24e, 6-NO2, m. 218-19°; cyclopentane-1,3-spiro-6-choron, m. 234-2°; cyclopentane-1,3-spiro-6-bromo (IX), m. 281-3°; 2-methylcyclohexane-1,3-spiro-6-bromo, m. 231-3°; 2-chlorocyclohexane-1,3-spiro-6-chloro, m. 223-5°; 3-methyl-3-acetyl-6-chloro, m. 246-7°. Tests on groups of ten persons indicated that 2.0 mg. IV had the same saluretic effect as 20 mg. of the 6-Cl deriv. of 1. III-IX were potent saluretic agents in rates. 100255-23-2, 2H-1,2.4-Senzothiadiazine-3-acetic acid. 3,4-dihydro-3-methyl-6-nitro-7-sulfamoyl-, ethyl ester. 1,1-dioxide 100704-65-3, 2H-1,2.4-Senzothiadiazine-7-sulfonsmide, 3-(chloromethyl)-3,4-dihydro-3-methyl-6-nitro-, 1,1-dioxide 10167-06-0, 2H-1,2,4-Senzothiadiazine-7-sulfonsmide, 3-(chloromethyl)-3,4-dihydro-3-methyl-6-nitro-, 1,1-dioxide 10255-23-3 CAPLUS 2H-1,2,4-Senzothiadiazine-3-acetic acid, 3,4-dihydro-3-methyl-6-nitro-7-sulfamoyl-, ethyl ester, 1,1-dioxide (GCI) (CA INDEX NAME)

100704-66-3 CAPLUS 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, -dihydro-3,3-dimethyl-6-nitro-,1,1-dioxide (6CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

101167-06-0 CAPLUS 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 3-(chloromethyl)-3,4-dihydro-3-methyl-6-nitro-, 1,1-dioxide (6CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 26 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1961:66336 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 55:66336 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO: 55:12443c-e Relation between saluretic actives the state of the 55:12643c-e
Relation between saluretic activity and carbonic
anhydrase-inhibiting effects of aromatic sulfonamides
Kobinger, W.; Katic, Ulla; Lund, P. J.
Leo Pharm. Products Copenhagen, Den.
Naunyn-Schmiedeberge Archiv fuer Experimentelle
Pathologie und Pharmakologie (1961), 240, 469-82
CODEN: AEPPAE; ISSN: 0365-2009

AUTHOR(S): CORPORATE SOURCE: SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

CODEN: AEPPAE; ISSN: 0365-2009

DOCUMENT TYPE:
 Journal
LANGUAGE:
 Unavailable
AB The saluretic activity in rats and the carbonic anhydrase (I)-inhibitory activity in vitro was compared in several aromatic aulfamoyl compds. with free and alkylated sulfamoyl groups. Saluretic active

disulfamoylanilines
 showed a higher degree of I-inhibitory activity than saluretic-inactive analogs. No such correlation was observed in dihydrobenzothiadiazines. There was, however, some correlation between the saluretic activity of dihydrobenzothiadiazines and the saluretic and I-inhibitory activities in vitro of their corresponding disulfamoylanilines, which can be formed by hydrolysis of the former. In compds. where the sulfamoyl groups are N-alkylated, no in vitro I inhibition can be expected. After peroral administration of saluretic-active N-alkylated compds.. I-inhibitory activity was found in the urine, so that dealkylation can be assumed. I inhibition seems to be one of the conditions for saluretic activity.

IT 86579-01-3, 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-amino-3,4-dihydro-, 1,1-dioxide
 (carbonic anhydraes inhibition by, diuresis and)

RN 86579-01-3 CAPLUS

CN 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-amino-3,4-dihydro-, 1,1-dioxide
 (6CI, 7CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

(6CI, 7CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 27 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1961:48769 CAPLUS 1961:48769 CAPLUS 55:48769 55:9440f-i,9441a Nitroanilinedisulfonyl chlorides Novello, Frederick C. Merck & Co., Inc. DOCUMENT NUMBER ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: INVENTOR(S) merck & Co., Inc. Continuation-in-part of U.S. 2,910,474 (CA 54, 4636e) Patent PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE: DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE Unavailable FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

APPLICATION NO. PATENT NO. KIND DATE DATE US 2961463 19601122 US 1957-683705 19570913
The title compds. are prepared by chlorosulfonation of a nitroaniline in

presence of an alkali metal halide. Thus, $64~\rm g.~m$ -nitroaniline is added dropwise with stirring to 375 ml. ClSO3H, the mixture cooled in an ice

dropwise with stirring to 375 ml. CISO3H, the mixture cooled in an ice bath,
350 g. NaCl added in portions over 1-2 hrs., the mixture heated gradually to
150°, after 3 hrs. at 150-60°, the mixture cooled in an ice bath, treated with 11. cold H2O, extracted with Et2O, the extract washed with
H2O, dried (Na2SO4), and the Et2O evaporated to yield 5-nitroaniline-2,4-disulfonyl chloride (I). In like manner, N-methyl-3-nitroaniline, N-ethyl-3-nitroaniline, and N,N-diethyl-m-nitroaniline with CISO3H yield the corresponding 2,4-disulfonyl chlorides. Also, Na 5-amino-2-nitrobenzenesulfonate is treated with CISO3H to produce
4-nitroaniline-2,5-disulfonyl chlorides. Also, Na 5-amino-2-sallowed to stand at room temperature 45 min. to yield
5-nitroacetanilide-2,4-disulfonyl chloride. If (5 g.) in 15 ml. Ac2O is allowed to stand at room temperature 45 min. to yield
5-nitroacetanilide-2,4-disulfonyl chloride (II). In like manner, Ac2O is replaced with butyric anhydride, n-caproic anhydride, BzCl, PhCH2COCl, and lauroyl chloride to yield the corresponding derive. Also, N-methyl-5-nitroaniline-2,4-disulfonyl chloride, resp. Any of the title compds. can be converted to the corresponding disulfamoyl derivative by the following procedure. I is cooled and treated with 28 NH4OH 1 hr.

Native by the following procedure. I is cooled and treated with 28% NH4OH 1 hr. on a steam bath, cooled, filtered, the solid washed with H2O, dried, and crystallized from dilute EtOH to yield 2,4-disulfamoyl-5-nitroaniline

, needles, m. 260-2°. Any of the disulfamoylnitroanilines can be converted to the nitrobenzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide (IV) derivative as

DMS.

III (5 g.) in 175 ml. 98-100% HCO2H is refluxed 3 hrs., cooled, the crystals filtered off, and washed with EtOH to yield 6-nitro-7-sulfamoyl-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide, m. 338-9 (decomposition). Also, the title compds. can be converted directly to IV as follows. II is treated with 50 ml. 10% alc. NH4OH, the mixture evaporated to dryness,

residue heated at 200° 0.5-1 hr., cooled, and crystallized from dilute

ANSWER 27 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued) EtOH to yield 3-methyl-6-nitro-7-sulfamoyl-1,2,4-benzothiazine 1,1-dioxide.

2850-46-6, 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 3-methyl-6-nitro-, 1,1-dioxide 23141-81-3, 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-nitro-, 1,1-dioxide (preparation of) 2850-46-6 CAPLUS 4H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 3-methyl-6-nitro-, 1,1-dioxide (GCI, 7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

23141-81-3 CAPLUS 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-nitro-, 1,1-dioxide (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 28 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1961:39254 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 55:39254 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 55:7664d-f

bb:7664d-f Aromatic sulfamoyl compounds with diuretic action Lund, F. J.; Kobinger, W. Research Labs. Leo Pharm. Prods., Copenhagen Acta Pharmacologica et Toxicologica (1960), 16, 297-324 CODEN: APTOA6; ISSN: 0001-6683 J TITLE: AUTHOR(S):

CORPORATE SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
AB A relation was found between constitution and activity of substituted
2.4-disulfamoylanilines (DSA) and substituted 7-sulfamoyl-3.4-dihydro1.2.4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxides (DBT). DSA and DBT compds. showed a
distinct relation between substitution in the benzene ring and saluretic
activity. Substitution in the heterocyclic ring of DBT compds. yielded
some substances considerably more potent than the known
hydroflumethiazide
(6-trifluoromethyl-7-sulfamoyl-3,4-dihydro-1,2,4-benzothiadiszine
1,1-dioxide) and hydrochlorothiazide. Of these substances,
benzylhydroflumethiazide (Centyl) (the 3-benzyl derivative of
hydroflumethiazide), which in human expts. showed the seluratic activity
expected on the basis of the animal expts., was selected for further
clin.

use. Among the active substances studied, no differences in the urinary electrolyte-excretion pattern were detected by the method used. 4086-66-2, 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 3-benzyl-3,4-dihydro-6-nitro-, 1,1-dioxide 23141-88-0, 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 3,4-dihydro-6-nitro-, diesida.

2H-1.2.4-Benzothiadiazine-/-sulfonamide.

1.-dioxide

86579-01-3, 2H-1.2.4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide,
6-amino-3, 4-dihydro-, 1,1-dioxide 100255-92-3,

2H-1.2.4-Benzothiadiazine-3-acetic acid. 3,4-dihydro-3-methyl-6-nitro-7sulfamoyl-, ethyl ester, 1,1-dioxide 100704-66-3,

2H-1.2.4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide,
1,1-dioxide
(as diuretic)

, 1,1-dioxide (as diuretic) 4086-66-2 CAPLUS 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 3-benzyl-3,4-dihydro-6-nitro-, 1,1-dioxide (6C1, 7C1, 8C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 23141-88-0 CAPLUS CN 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 3,4-dihydro-6-nitro-1,1-dioxide (SCI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 28 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued)

RN 86579-01-3 CAPLUS CN 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-amino-3,4-dihydro-, 1,1-dioxide (6CI, 7CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

100255-92-3 CAPLUS 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-3-acetic acid, 3,4-dihydro-3-methyl-6-nitro-7-sulfamoyl-, ethyl ester, 1,1-dioxide (6CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

100704-66-3 CAPLUS CN 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 3,4-dihydro-3,3-dimethyl-6-nitro-, 1,1-dioxide (6CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

(Continued)

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L4 ANSWER 29 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1960:120498 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
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54:120498 54:23066f-i ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.:

The divretic action of dihydrochlorothiazide derivatives
Issekutz, B.; Jobbagyi, E.; Szekely, M.

AUTHOR(S): CORPORATE SOURCE: Univ. Budapest

Therap. Hung. (1959), 7, 15-7 Journal DOCUMENT TYPE:

Unavailable

The following compds. were studied in adult rats: chlorothiazide (K30), 6-chloro-7-sulfamoyl-3,4-dihydro-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide

),
6-chloro-7-sulfamoyl-3,4-dihydro-3-trichloromethyl-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine
1,1-dioxide (K33), 6-chloro-7-sulfamoyl-3,4-dihydro-3methyl-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide (K34), 6-amino-7-sulfamoyl-3,4dihydro-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide (K35), benzo-1,2,4,9,8,6dithiadiazine 1,1,9-tetroxide (K36), 7-sulfamoyl-3,4-dihydro-1,2,4benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide (K37), 5,6-dichloro-7-sulfamoyl-3,4-dihydro1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide (K36), and 7-sulfamoyl-3,
trichloromethyl-3,4-dihydro-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide (K39),

and K38 with only a H at C-6 had a weak diwretic action at a dose of 4 mg./kg. A dose of 2 mg. of K30/kg. produced a larger output of Cl than 4 mg./kg. K36 was ineffective over the dose range of 0.54 mg./kg. Cl than 4 mg./kg. K36 was ineffective over the dose range of 0.54 mg./kg. Cl than 4 excretion showed a marked decline with K36. The dihydrochlorothiazide compds. proved to be more potent than K30. With respect to their effect on water diuresis, the order of potency was as follows: K33 × K33 × K34 × K33 × K30. K37 × K33 × K37 × K33 × K30. K37 × K33 × K30. K38 was most effective for water diuresis while K32 and K34 would be the compds. of choice for increasing the Cl output. The activity of some of these compds. was compared with that of urea. Albuminuria, feebleness, and anorexia were observed in animals given 2-3 g. of K30/kg. All of the

animals survived.

animals survived.

186579-01-3, 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide,
6-amino-3,4-dihydro-, 1,1-dioxide
(as diuretic)

RN 86579-01-3 CAPLUS
CN 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-amino-3,4-dihydro-,1,1-dioxide

(6CI, 7CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 30 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1960:103487 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 54:103487 S4:103487
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 54:19704b-i,19705a-i,19706a-i,19707a-b
TITLE: Diuretics: 1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-d
AUTHOR(S): Novello, Frederick C.: n-1 Diuretics: 1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxides
Novello, Frederick C.; Bell, Stanley C.; Abrams,

AUTHOR(S):

Novello, Frederick C.; Bell, Stanley C.; Abrams, Ester

L. A.; Ziegler, Carl; Sprague, James M.

Merck and Co., Inc., West Point, PA

JOURNAL OCEN, JOURNAL OF Organic Chemistry (1960), 25, 970-81

COEN: JOURNAL OF Organic Chemistry (1960), 25, 970-81

COEN: JOURNAL JOURNAL ISSN: 0022-3263

JOURNAL JOURNAL ISSN: 0022-3263

JOURNAL JOURNAL ISSN: 0022-3263

TOTHER SOUNCE(S):

CASREACT 54:103487

AB Ring closure of anline-2,4-disulfonanides with acylating agents, aldehydes, or CO(NH2)2 to give sulfamoylbenzothiadizzine 1,1-dioxide derivs. was described. Sulfamoylbenzothiadizzine 1,1-dioxides of orselly effective diurctic agents. Several aspects of the chemistry of this class of compds. were reported in detail. The following procedure was illustrative of the HCO2H ring closure of aniline-2,4-disulfonamides to benzothiadizzine 1,1-dioxides. The yield was typical.

5-Chloro-2,4-disulfamoylaniline (5.7 g.) in 75 ml. 98-1004 HCO2H refluxed 24 hrs., the mixture cooled, 100 ml. H20 added, the product collected, washed, and recrystd. gave 6-chloro-7-sulfamoyl-1,2,4-benzothiadizzine 1,1-dioxide (Ia) in 90 yield. 5-Amino-2,4-disulfamoylaniline (1.3 g.)

washed, and recrystd. gave 6-chloro-7-sulfamoyl-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide (1a) in 904 yteld. 5-Amino-2,4-disulfamoylaniline (1.3 g.)

20 ml. 98-1008 HCO2H refluxed 2.5 hrs. and cooled gave 1.14 g. benzo[1,2-e,5,4-e']bis-1,2,4-thiadiazine 1,1-dioxide, m. above 500° (HCOMM2). 2-Methylsulfamoylaniline (g.) and 5 ml. Et orthoformate heated 0.5 hr. at 125-35° in an open flask, concentrated to dryness in vacuo, and the residue recrystd. gave 1.6 g. 2-methyl-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide (I), needles. Recrystn. of I from 504 hot aqueous alc. gave 2-(N-formyl-N-methylsulfamoyl)aniline, m. 116-18°. Ring closure of 5-chloro-2,4-bis(methylsulfamoyl)aniline was similarly carried out to give 6-chloro-2-methyl-7-methylsulfamoyl-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide (T), necellar from hot aqueous alc. gave 5-chloro-2,4-bis(methylsulfamoyl)-N-formylaniline, plates, m. 192-5°. Is (15 g.) in 100 ml. Et orthoformate (II) refluxed 24 hrs. and cooled gave 15.4 g. 6-chloro-7-ethoxymethylenesulfamoyl-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide (III), m. 195-6°, resolidified and m. 210-11° (MeCN-Et20). 6-chloro-2-methyl-7-sulfamoyl-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide (IV) and II gave 6-chloro-7-ethoxymethylenesulfamoyl-3-methyl-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide and II gave 6-chloro-7-ethoxymethylenesulfamoyl-3-d-dihydro-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide and II gave 6-chloro-7-ethoxymethylenesulfamoyl-3-d-dihydro-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide, m. 233-4° (effervescence). NH3 passed into 6.5 g. III in 50 ml. anhydrous alc. 0.5 hr. gave 3.6 g. minomethylenesulfamoyl-6-chloro-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide, m. 233-6°. 5-chloro-2-methyl-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide m. 233-6°. 5-chloro-2-methyl-1,2,4-benz

ANSWER 30 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued)
N-acylamilinedisulfonyl chlorides. 5-Chloro-2,4-disulfamoyl-N(chloroscetyl)aniine (7.2 g.) in 30 ml. HCOMMe2 heated 1.5 hrs. with 2.3
g. anhyd. KF, cooled, and dild. with H2O gave 5.5 g. 3-chloromethyl-6chloro-7-sulfamoyl-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide. Method (A),
5-Chloroaniline-2,4-disulfonyl chloride (7.2 g.) in 13 ml. BzCl left
overnight at room temp. gave 10.9 g. 5-chloro-N-benzoylaniline-2,4disulfonyl chloride, which washed and heated 2 hrs. on the steam bath

overnight at room temp. gave 10.9 g. 5-chloro-N-benzoylaniline-2, 4-disulfonyl chloride, which washed and heated 2 hrs. on the steam bath with

C6H6 and 50 ml. concd. NH4OH gave 2.7 g. 6-chloro-3-phenyl-7-sulfamoyl-1, 2, 4-benzothiadiazine 1, 1-dioxide (V), needles. Acidification of the ammoniscal filtrate gave 5-chloro-2, 4-disulfamoyl-N-benzoylaniline (VI). Method (B). VI (I g.) in 25 ml. concd. NH4OH left 46 hrs. at room temp. gave 844 V. In like manner, ring closure of

5-chloro-2, 4-disulfamoyl-N-(p-cring closure of

5-chloro-2, 4-disulfamoyl-N-(p-cring closure of

6-chlorobenzoyl) aniline gave 85% 3-(p-chlorophenyl)-6-chloro-7-sulfamoyl-1, 2, 4-benzothiadiazine 1, 1-dioxide. 5-chloro-2, 4-disulfamoyl-N-(o-chlorobenzoyl) aniline similarly afforded 56%

3-(o-chlorophenyl)-6-chloro-7-sulfamoyl-1, 2, 4-benzothiadiazine 1, 1-dioxide. The following substituted 1, 2, 4-benzothiadiazine 1, 1-dioxides were obtained (substituents at 2, 3, 5, 6, and 7, recrystn. solvent, and m.p. given): H. H. H. H. SONH2, alc.-H2O, 304-5; H. H. H. F. SOZHH2, alc.-H2O, 304-5; H. H. H. F. SOZHH2, alc.-H2O, 304-5; H. H. H. H. S. SOZHH2, alc.-H2O, 304-5; H. H. H. H. S. SOZHH2, alc.-H2O, 304-5; H. H. H. H. S. SOZHH2, alc.-H2O, 304-5; H. H. H. H. SOZHH2, alc.-H2O, 304-5; H. H. H. H. SOZHH2, alc.-H2O, 305-7; H. H. H. H. N. SOZHH2, alc.-H2O, 305-7; H. COMM62-H2O, 341-H2O, 305-7; H. COMM62-H2O, 341-H2O, 405-7; H. COMM62-H2O, 341-H2O, 305-7; H. SOZHH2, alc.-H2O, 323-6; H. P. H. H. C. SOZHH2, alc.-H2O, 305-7; H. M. H. C. SOZHH2, alc.-H2O, 305-7; H. SOZHH2, alc.

(A). The orthanilamide compd. (0.02 mole) and 0.025 mole of 37% HCHO in 50 ml. 90% alc.-H2O contg. 300 mg. NaOH heated 2 hrs. on the steam bath, acidified, and the mixt. cooled gave 80% yield. Method (B): acid catalyzed ring closure. The orthanilamide compd. (0.02 mole) and 0.04 mole paraformaldehyde in 60 ml. alc. and 60 ml. 6N HCl heated and after 1 hr. the product isolated gave an average yield of 85-50%. The following substituted 3,4-dihydro-7-sulfamoyl-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxides were thus obtained (substituents at 5 and 6 and m.p. given): H, H, 216-17*; H, Cl. 262-3*; H, Br. 287-8*; H, KP2, 283-4*; H, MC2, 263-5*-5.5*; Cl. (21, 288-9*. Likewise the following 6-chloro-substituted (substituents at 2, 4, and 7, m.p., and recrystn. solvent given): H, H,

ANSWER 30 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued) 164-6*, PhMe; H, Me, SO2NH2, 249-50*, alc.-H2O; Me, H, SO2NH2, 239-41*, alc.-H2O; Me, H, SO2NHMe, 195-7*, alc.; H, H, SO2NH2, 202-4*, alc.-H2O; H, H, MeSO2, 248-9*, alc.-H2O. The following 6-chloro-7-sulfamoyl-3,4-dihydro-2-substituted-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxides were obtained by ring closure of 5-chloro-3,4-disulfamoylaniline with the appropriate aldehyde. Acid cyclization was used for compds. no. 1, 2, and 9, and base cyclization

the remainder (compd. no., 2-substituent, m.p., and recrystn. solvent given): 1, Me, 252-3°, AcOH-H2O; 2, Et., 265°, AcOH-H2O; 3, CCI3, 287°, ethylene glycol monomethyl ether-H2O; 4, CH2OH, 225-6°, Me2CO-H2O; 5, Oxiranyl, 233-5°, Me2CO-H2O; 6, (CH2)5, 259-60°, HCONMe2-H2O; 7, PhCH2, 260-2°, AcOH-H2O; 8, p-C1C6H4, 250-1°, AcOH-H2O; 9, p-C2NC6H4, 250-1°, AcOH-H2O; 8, p-C1C6H4, 250-1°, AcOH-H2O; 9, p-C2NC6H4, 260-2°, AcOH-H2O; 8, p-C1C6H4, 250-1°, AcOH-H2O; 1, p-C2NC6H4, 260-2°, AcOH-H2O; 1, 239-40°, Me2CO-Et2O; 10, 2-pyridyl, 260°, MeCN; 11, 5-nitro-2-furyl, 239-40°, Me2CO-Et2O; 5-Chloro-2-4-disulfamoylaniline (11.4 g.) in 20 ml. HCONMe2 and 17.6 g. CCl3CHO heated 24 hrs. on the steam bath, 100 ml. H2O added, and the solid repptd. from dil. NH4OH gave 14.5 g. 6-chloro-7-sulfamoyl-3-trichloromethyl-3,4-dihydro-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide. When the reaction was carried out in 60 ml. HCONMe2 in the presence of 4.6 g. anhyd. KY 3 hrs. on the steam bath, 76% 6-chloro-7-sulfamoyl-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide, m. 330°, was isolated, 3 225 and 279-80 my. c 29,592 and 11,465.
5-Chloro-2,4-disulfamoylaniline (5.7 g.) and 5.9 g. cyclohexanone in 30 ml. HCONMe2 heated 2 hrs. with 2.3 g. anhyd. KY gave 7 g.

6-chloro-7-sulfamoyl-3,3-pentamethylene-3,4-dihydro-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide. The following was illustrative of the method used for

1,1-dioxide. The following was illustrative or the method used coppers.

of 3,4-dihydro-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxides. Compds. were recrystd. from aq. alc. in yields of 35-734. 5-Chloro-2,4-disulfamoylaniline (8.4 g.) and 3.5 g. CO(NR3/2 was heated 45-60 min. at 200° (NR3 evolved), the solid cooled, dissolved in H2O, filtered, acidified, and recrystd. from aq. alc. The following compds. were thus obtained (substituents at 4, 5, 6, 7, and m.p. given): H, H, Cl, SO2NR2, 313°; H, Cl, H, SO2NR2, 314-15°; H, H, NSO2NR2, Cl, 323-4°; H, H, Br, SO2NR2, 323-4°; H, H, MeD, SO2NR2, 323-4°; H, H, MeD, SO2NR2, 291-3°; H, H, NO2, SO2NR2, 350°; Me, H, Cl, SO2NR2, 315°; Ia (5.9 g.) in 25 ml. H3O contg, 0.88 g. NaOH shaken 10 min. with 3 g. Me2SO4 at room temp., the ppt. collected, washed, dried, and crystd. gave 2.8 g. 6-chloro-4-methyl-7-sulfamoyl-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide (VII), m.

325-6° (Me2CO-alc.). VII heated 2.5 hrs. with 10% NaOH gave 5-chloro-2,4-disulfamoyl-N-methylaniline (VIII). Method (B). VIII (5

in 70 ml. 98-100% HCO2H refluxed 24 hrs. and cooled to room temp. gave

g. VII. Ia (32.2 g.) added portionwise to 2.5 g. Na in 200 ml. alc.,

16.3 g. CH2:CHCH2Br added, the soln. warmed 24 hrs. with intermittent addn. of 4 g. CH2:CHCH3Br after 6 hrs., and cooled gave 27.2 g. solids. Repeated extn. of this solid with Me2CO at room temp. gave 11.9 g. unchanged Ia

12.5 g. 4-allyl-6-chloro-7-sulfamoyl-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide

ANSMER 30 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued) portionwise to 8.9 g. XV in 150 ml. H20 and 10 ml. 201 NaOH, the soln. stirred 15 min. at room temp., warmed 5 min. on the steam bath, excess KMnO4 destroyed with 2-3 ml. alc., and the soln. acidified gave 7.4 g. 6-chloro-7-sulfamoyl-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine. Similar oxidn. of 6-methyl-7-sulfamoyl-3,4-dihydro-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide gave

6-methyl-7-sulfamoyl-3,4-dihydro-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide gave comparable yield of 6-methyl-7-sulfamoyl-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide, m. 345°. 5-Chloro-2,4-bis(dimethylaulfamoyl)aniline (XVI) (3.4 g.) and 10 g. 508 PhCH2CHO in alc. heated 0.5 hr. at 150°, the mixt. cooled, and the solid triturated with MeCN gave 2.4 g. 5-chloro-2,4-bis(dimethylaulfamoyl). N-(2-phenylethylidene)aniline, m. 203-5° (MeCN), \(\lambda\) 26-8 and 337-40 mm, \(\epsilon\) 27,351 and 36,106. XVI (3.4 g.), 3 g. p-02NC6H4CHO, and 60 ml. PhMe refluxed 20 hrs., cooled, and the solid triturated with 200 ml. refluxing alc. gave 3.6 g. 5-chloro-2,4-bis(dimethylsulfamoyl)-N-(p-nitrobenzylidene)aniline, m. 21-3° (MeCN), \(\lambda\) 276-281 mm, \(\epsilon\) 25,270. The ultrawiolet absorption spectra were given for a no. of 1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxides and 5-chloro-2,4-diaulfamoylanilines. 23141-81-3, 24H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-mitro-1,1-dioxide 23141-88-0, 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-mitro-3-oxo-1,1-dioxide 100383-15-1, 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-mitro-3-oxo-1,1-dioxide 100383-15-1, 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-mitro-3-oxo-1,1-dioxide (preparation of) 23141-81-3 CAPLUS
2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-nitro-, 1,1-dioxide (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

23141-88-0 CAPLUS
2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 3,4-dihydro-6-nitro-, (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

47068-12-2 CAPLUS 2H-1,2,4-Benzothadiszine-7-sulfonamide, 3,4-dihydro-6-nitro-3-oxo-, 1,1-dioxide (6CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 30 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued)
(IX), m. 243-5° (aq..elc.). IX (1 g.) in 20 ml. 10% NaOH heated 2
hrs. gave 0.5 g. 5-chloro-2.4-disulfamoyl-N-allylanline (IXA), m.
181-3° (H2Q). IX (1 g.) in 70 ml. H2O and 9 ml. N NaOH left 0.5
hr. at room temp., cooled, acidified, and the ppt. collected gave 0.4 g.
5-chloro-2-formylaulfamoyl-N-allylanline (X), needles, m.
142.5-3.5° (CHCl3-Me2CO). Recrystn. of X from H2O gave IXA.
3.4-Dimethyl-1.2.4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide (11.4 g.) in 35 ml.
ClSO3H

heated 2.5 hrs. at 150-60°, poured onto ice, the solid added to 50 ml. concd. NH4OH, after 30-60 min. the product collected, and recrystd. gave 3.4-dimethyl-7-sulfamoyl-1,2.4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide, m. 258-60° (RCONMe2-alc.). Reppth. of a sample from dil. NeOH gave 2-acetylsulfamoyl-4-sulfamoyl-N-methylaniline, m. 208-10° [Me3CO-1]groine). Acid amoyl-N-methylaniline, m. 208-10° [Jain 75 ml. CSHSN, the product collected, and dried gave 7.7 g. 7-acetylsulfamoyl-6-chloro-1,2.4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide (XI), m. 299° (rapid heating), pk's 3.7, 7.2. XI (2 g.) in 10 ml. 10% NeOH heated 15 min., cooled, and aciddfied gave 4-acetylsulfamoyl-5-chloro-2-sulfamoylaniline (XII), plates, m. 21° (Me2CO-alc.). Cyclization of XII with HCO2H gave 7-acetylsulfamoyl-6-chloro-1,2.4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide. Butyric anhydride (25 ml.) left at room temp. overnight

1,1-dioxide. Butyric anhydride (25 ml.) left at room temp. overnight

8.9 g. Ia in 75 ml. C5H5N, poured into ice H2O, and acidified gave 8.1 g.
7-butyrylsulfamoyl-6-chloro-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide, m.
286* (alc.-H2O). Ia (10 g.) left 2 hrs. at room temp. with 50 ml.
NHMe2, dissolved in 50 ml. 50% aq. alc., and acidified gave 5.8 g.
5-chloro-2-dimethylaminomethylenesulfamoyl-4-sulfamoylaniline, m.
208-10° (alc.-H2O). Ia (10 g.) and 13.6 g. piperidine heated 1 hr.
on the steam bath, dild. with H2O, and acidified gave 1.8 g.
5-chloro-2-piperidinomethylenesulfamoyl-4-sulfamoylaniline, m.
210-12° (aq. alc.). Ia (29,6 g.) added portionwise to 150 ml.
C1SO3H, the mixt. heated 2 hrs. on the steam bath, cooled, poured onto crushed ice, and the solid collected gave 30.3 g. 6-chloro-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide (88.3 g.) added portionwise to 250 ml.
C1SO3H, the mixt. heated 5 hrs., cooled, poured onto ice, and collected gave 6.8 g. 5-chloro-2-methylsulfamoyl-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide (88.3 g.) added portionwise to 250 ml.
C1SO3H, the mixt. heated 5 hrs., cooled, poured onto ice, and collected gave 6.9 g. 5-chloro-2-methylsulfamoylaniline-4-sulfonyl chloride (XIII), m. 158° (effervescence) (Me2CO-CSH6). XIII (43.2 g.) added portionwise to 250 ml. concd. NHOH, the mixt. heated 1 hr., concd., and the solid recrystd. gave 17.9 g. 5-chloro-2-methylsulfamoylaniline 4-sulfamoylaniline as 2 crystal modifications, m. 168-70° and 188-90°. XIIa (10 g.) added to 30 ml. MeNN2 and left at room temp. gave a residue, which dissolved in 200 ml. 5 NAOH, heated 2 hrs., and acidified gave 6.4 g. 5-chloro-4-methylsulfamoyl-2-sulfamoylaniline, m. 182-3° (H2O). XIIB (30 g.) left at room temp. with 150 ml. anhyd.
NHMe2 gave 22.8 g. 5-chloro-2-dimethylaminomethylenesulfamoyl-4-dimethylsulfamoylaniline (XIV), m. 195-79° (alc.). XIV (6.7 g.) in 20 ml. 10% NAOH heated 1 hr. and acidified gave 4.0 g.
5-chloro-4-dimethylsulfamoyl-3-sulfamoylaniline, m. 158-60° (aq. alc.). Ia (30 g.) in 100 ml. MeNP2 educed at room temp. and 39

initial H pressure over 1 g. 5% ruthenium-C, after 10 hrs. the mixt. heated, filtered, and concd. gave 83% 6-chloro-7-sulfamoyl-3,4-dinydro-1,2,4-benyothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide (XV). NMn04 (3.75 g.) added

L4 ANSWER 30 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued)

100383-15-1 CAPLUS 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-amino-, 1,1-dioxide (6CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 31 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1960:34355 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.:

INVENTOR (S)

PATENT ASSIGNEE (S):

1960:34355 CAPLUS
54:34355
54:6770e-f
Benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxides
Novello, Fred C.
Merck & Co., Inc.
Continuation-in-part of U.S. 2,809,194 (C.A. 52, 2939h)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Unavailable

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: DATE

PATENT NO. KIND APPLICATION NO. DATE US 2910475 19591027 US 1957-683694 Substituted 7-sulfamylbenzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide compds. may 19570913

Substituted 7-sulfamylbenzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide compds. may be wared by heating benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide and ClSO3H and treating with NH3 or a primary or secondary amine. To 35 ml. ClSO3H is added 10 g. 3,4-dimethyl-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide, heated 4 hrs. at 140-60°, cooled, poured onto ice, filtered, treated with 25 ml. 26% NH40H at room temperature, cooled, filtered and water-washed to yield 3,4-dimethyl-7-sulfamyl-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide, m. .. 258-60° (Me2CO-petr. ether). Similarly prepared were: 7-sulfamyl-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide (1), m. 319-20° and 6-chloro derivative of [1, m. 342.5-3.0°. 100383-15-1, 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-amino-, 1,1-dioxide (preparation of) 100383-15-1 CAPLUS 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-amino-, 1,1-dioxide (6CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 32 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued)

23141-81-3 CAPLUS 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-nitro-, 1,1-dioxide (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

100383-15-1 CAPLUS 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-amino-, 1,1-dioxide (6CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-amino-3-propyl-, 1,1-dioxide (6CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-amino-3-pentyl-, 1,1-dioxide (6CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 12 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS ON STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1560:23253 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 54:23253 CAPLUS S4:4636b-e

ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: TITLE:

on:woods of the control of the contr

INVENTOR (S)

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE: Contin 2939h)

DOCUMENT TYPE: imavailable

PAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

APPLICATION NO. PATENT NO. KIND DATE DATE US 2910473 PR 1383705 GB 891471 19591027 US 1957-672126 19570716

To 375 ml. C1803H is added 64 g. m-02NC6+HANH2 followed by 350 g. NaCl 1-2 hrs., the mixture gradually heated to 150° and kept there 3 hrs., cooled 1. cold water added, the mixture extracted with Et20 (1), the

1-2 hrs. the mixture gradually heated to 150° and kept there 3 hrs., cooled 1 l. cold water added, the mixture extracted with Et2O (I), the water-washed, dried, the I recovered, the residue cooled and treated with 150 ml. 28% NN4OH, heated 1 hr. on the steam bath, cooled, the product filtered off, water-washed, and dried to give 2.4-disulfamoyl-5-introaniline (II), m. 260-2° (dilute aic.). II (5 g.) in 175 ml. 100% HCO2H is refluxed 3 hrs., cooled, filtered, and washed with EtOH to give 6-intro-7-sulfamoyl-1,2.4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide (III), m. 318-9°. III (2.7 g.) in 600 ml. 50% EtOH is shaken in a H atmospheric with 400 g. PrO2 catalyst to maximum H absorption, filtered, the solution evaporated to dryness in vacuo, and the residue crystallized from 50% EtOH to give 6-amino-7-sulfamoyl-1,2.4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide, m. 313-4°. The compds. have diuretic and (or) natriuretic properties and are useful therapeutic agents.

17 2850-46-6, 2H-1,2.4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 3-methyl-6-nitro-1, 1-dioxide 103151-36-6, 2H-1,2.4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-amino-3-propyl-1, 1,1-dioxide 103151-36-6, 2H-1,2.4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-amino-3-propyl-1, 1,1-dioxide 106379-57-1, 2H-1,2.4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-amino-3-phenyl-1, 1,1-dioxide 106379-57-1, 2H-1,2.4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-amino-3-phenyl-1, 1,1-dioxide 107149-74-6, 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-amino-3-benzyl-1, 1,1-dioxide 107149-74-6, 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-amino-3-benzyl-1, 1,1-dioxide 107149-74-6, 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-amino-3-benzyl-1, 1,1-dioxide 107149-74-6, 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-amino-3-benzyl-1, 1,1-dioxide (6cI, 7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

(Continued)

ANSWER 32 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

106273-76-1 CAPLUS -1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-amino-3-phenyl-, 1,1-dioxide CI) (CA INDEX NAME) (6CI)

106379-57-1 CAPLUS 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-amino-3-benzyl-, 1,1-dioxide (6CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

107149-74-6 CAPLUS 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-amino-3-methyl-, 1,1-dioxide (6CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSMER 33 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1959;99992 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 53:99992
CAPLUS
SOCUMENT NUMBER: 53:99992
CAPLUS
SOCUMENT NUMBER: 53:99992
CAPLUS
SOCOMORITHE 3-0x00-7-sulfamoyl-3,4-dihydro-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine
1,1-dioxide compounds
Novello, Frederick C.
PATENT ASSIGNES(S): Merck & Co. Inc.
POCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Unaveilable
PAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: Patent
US 2886566
19590512
US
AB The title compds. (I), with diuretic and (or) natriuretic properties,
were
prepared 5,2,4-Cl(142NO2S)2C6H2NH2 (for the sulfamoyl anilines, cf. U.S.
2,809,194 (C.A. 52, 2939h)) (8.4 g.) and 3.5 g. urea heated 40 min. at
200° in an oil bath, the mixture cooled, the solid dissolved in N2O,
the solution filtered, the filtrate actidified, and the precipitate
crystallized (aqueous
EtON) gave 4.3 g. 6-chloro-3-oxo-7-sulfamoyl-3,4-dihydro-1,2,4benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide, m. 313° (decomposition) (previous
darkening). Similarly were prepared the following substituted I
(substituent and m.p. (decomposition) (previous darkening) similarly were prepared the following substituted I
(substituent and m.p. (decomposition) (previous darkening). Similarly were prepared the following substituted I
(substituent and m.p. (decomposition) (previous darkening) given): 5-cl,
314-15°, 6-B°, 333-4°; 6-MeO,
291-3°; 6-O2N (II), above 350°; 6-H2N (by catalytic
reduction of II), -; 7-cl, 332-4°;
IT 47068-12-2 (APLUS

TA 47068-12-2 (APLUS

CN 47068-12-2 (APLUS

CN 47068-12-2 (APLUS

CN 47068-12-2 (APLUS

CN 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 3,4-dihydro-6-nitro-3-oxo-,
1,1-dioxide (6CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 100383-17-3 CAPLUS
2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-amino-3,4-dihydro-3-oxo-,
1,1-dioxide (6c1) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 33 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued)

. 10/642,224

Page 3

isolated ring systems :
containing 1 :

2

5 ANSWERS

Match level :

1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom 10:Atom 12:CLASS 13:CLASS 14:Atom 15:CLASS

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> 'd l1

L1 HAS NO ANSWERS

L1 ST

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s l1

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 08:35:30 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 656 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED · 656 ITERATIONS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**

BATCH **COMPLETE**

PROJECTED ITERATIONS:

11584 TO 14656

PROJECTED ANSWERS: 5 TO 2

L2 5 SEA SSS SAM L1

=> s l1 sss full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 08:35:36 FILE 'REGISTRY'
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 13037 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 13037 ITERATIONS

ITERATIONS 78 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L3 78 SEA SSS FUL L1

=> file caplus

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL

 . 10/642,224 Page 4

FULL ESTIMATED COST

ENTRY SESSION 166.94 167.15

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 6 Nov 2006 VOL 145 ISS 20 FILE LAST UPDATED: 5 Nov 2006 (20061105/ED)

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http://www.cas.org/infopolicy.html

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L4 21 L3

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L4 ANSWER 1 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
145:293109
Preparation of nitric oxide enhancing diuretic compounds, compositions and methods of use
Garvey, David S.; Letts, L. Gordon; Earl, Richard A.;
Ezawa, Maiko; Peng, Xinqin; Gaston, Ricky D.;
Khanapure, Subhash P.; Lin, Chia-En; Ranatunge,

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

R.; Stevenson, Cheri A.; Wey, Shiow-Jyi
Nitromed, Inc., USA
U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 91pp., which which which CODEN: USXXXCO
Patent
English
1

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. CO PATENT INFORMATION: COUNT.

PAT	ENT	NO.			KIN	D	DATE		- 2	APPL	I CAT	ION	NO.		D	ATE	
		-				-									-		
US :	2006	1896	03		A1		2006	0824	1	US 2	006-	3605	99		21	0060	224
WO :	2006	0917	16		A2		2006	0831		WO 2	006-1	US63	75		21	0060	224
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,
		CN,	co,	CR,	CU,	cz,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,
		GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	ΗU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	KM,	KN,	KP,	KR,
		ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	LY,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,
		MZ,	NA,	NG,	NI,	NO,	NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC.	SD,	SE,
		SG,	SK,	SL,	SM,	SY,	TJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC.
		VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW											
	RW:	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HŲ,	IE,
		IS,	IT,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	BJ,
		CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG,	BW,	GH,
		GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	AZ,	BY,
		KG,	KZ,	MD,	RU,	TJ,	TM										
ORITY	APP	LN.	INFO	. :					1	US 2	005-	6554	14P		P 20	0050	224

US 2005-656545P

US 2005-692228P

US 2005-685027P

US 2005-749853P

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 145:293109

ANSWER 1 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continuing (initrooxy) methyl] phenyl] -3,4-dihydro-6-(trifluoromethyl) -(Continued) 1,1-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 1 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued)

AB The invention describes novel compos. and kits comprising at least one nitric oxide enhancing diuretic compound I [R = Cl or CF3; Rl = H, alkyl, cycloalkyl, etc.; Ring A = substituted heterocycle], or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, and, optionally, at least one nitric oxide enhancing compound and/or at least one therapeutic agent. Methods for preparing I are provided. Thus, e.g., II was prepared by cyclocondensation of 6-introoxylhexanal (preparation given) with 2-amino-6-chloro-1,3-benzenedisulfonamide. Assays for determining diuresis are described (data

given). The invention also provides methods for (a) treating conditions given). The invention also provides methods for (a) treating conditions resulting from excessive water and/or electrolyte retention; (b) treating cardiovascular diseases; (c) treating renovascular diseases; (d) treating diseases (e) treating diseases resulting from oxidative streas; (f) treating endothelial dysfunctions; (f) treating cirrhosis; (j) treating endothelial dysfunctions; (h) treating cirrhosis; (j) treating propared peripheral vascular diseases; (n) treating portal hypertension; (o) treating central nervous system disorders; (p) treating metabolic syndrome; (q) treating sexual dysfunctions; and (r) hyperlipidenia. The nitric oxide enhancing diuretic compde. comprise at least one nitric

enhancing group linked to the diuretic compound through one or more sites such as carbon, oxygen and/or nitrogen via a bond or moiety that cannot be

hydrolyzed.

IT

907624-13-9P RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES

(preparation of benzothiadiazine nitric oxide deriva. as diuretics) 907624-13-9 CAPLUS 2H-1,2.4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 3-[3,5-

L4 ANSWER 2 OF 21
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
11999:549265 CAPLUS
111:184974
Preparation of benzothiadiazines, quinazolines, and other aryl-fused heterocycles as positive AMPA-receptor modulators for treatment of memory and learning disorders
Thomas:

Gouliaev, Alex Haahr; Larsen, Mogens; Varming,

کمور

INVENTOR(S): Thomas;

Mathiesen, Claus; Johansen, Tina Holm; Scheel-Kruger, Jorgen; Olsen, Gunnar M.; Nielsen, Elsebet Ostergaard Neurosearch A/S. Den.
PCT Int. Appl., 168 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
Patent
English

PATENT ASSIGNEE (S) : SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

MO 9942456 A2
WO 9942456 A3
W: AL, AM, AT, AU,
DK, EE, ES, PI,
KE, KG, KP, KR,
MM, MK, NO, NZ
TR, TT, UA, UG
RM: GH, GM, KE, LS
CM, GA, GN, GB, GR
CM, GA, GN, GB, GR
AU 9925123
AU 751384
AU 9925123
AU 751384
AU 9901301
TR 200002427
EP 1071426
R: AT, BE, CH,
SI, LT, LV,
JP 200250481
EE 200000468
RU 2214405
NO 2000004121
US 6943159
US 2004043987
PRIORITY APPLIN. INFO.: APPLICATION NO. PATENT NO. KIND DATE AZ 19990826
A3 19991007
AU. AZ. BA. BB.
PI. GB. GD. GE.
KR. KZ. LC. LK.
KZ. PL. PT. RO.
UG. US. UZ. VM.
LS. MM. SD. SZ.
GR. 1E. 1T. LU.
GM. ML. MR. NE.
AA 1999086
B2 2002081
AA 1999081
AA 1999081
AA 1999081
AA 1999081
AC 20010131
DE. DK. ES. FR.
FI. RO

TZ 20020415
CZ 20031020
CZ 20031020
CZ 200301020
CA 20001017 BB, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, YU, ZM
UG, ZM, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, MC, NL, PT, SS, BF, BJ, CP, CG, CI, SN, TD, TG
ZA 1996-9414 19961108
CA 1999-2320354 19990218
AU 1999-23120354 19990218 ZA 1999-1301 19990218 TR 2000-200002427 19990218 EP 1999-904730 19990218 GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE, JP 2000-532408 EE 2000-468 RU 2000-121882 NO 2000-4121 US 2000-641814 US 2003-642224 DK 1998-226 20020212 20020415 20031020 20001017 20050913 19990218 19990218 19990218 20000817 20000818 20030818 A 19980218 20040304 WO 1999-DK70 US 2000-641814 A3 20000818

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 131:184974 L4 ANSWER 2 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued)

Benzothiadiazines, quinazolines, and other aryl-fused heterocycles (I) [wherein the bond represented by the broken line may be a single, double bond, or abent; and if the bond is absent, then the N is substituted

a H and R2; X = SO2, CO, or CH2; Y = -CH(R4)-, -N(R4)-, -N(R4)-CH2-, or

R2, R4 = H, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, benzyl, substituted carbonyl, or taken together with R3 = (un)substituted 4-7 membered ring: R3 = H, (un)substituted cycloalkyl, (un)substituted alkyl, (un)substituted alkoxy, acyl, or taken together with R2 or R4 = (un)substituted 4-7 membered

acyl, of taken evectors are ring, etc.; R5 = H, halogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, or (un)substituted sulfonamido; R6, R7, R8 = H, halogen, (un)substituted alkyl, CN, cyanoalkyl, NO2, (un)substituted alkoxy, (un)substituted sulfonamido, (un)substituted aryl, etc.) were prepared as pos. AMPA-receptor

modulators
for treatment of memory and learning disorders. Thus, ClSO2NCO was added
to a cooled solution of m-toluidine and nitroethane or nitromethane
followed

followed
by addition of AlCl3 and reaction with M2SO4 to form a mixture of
2-amino-6-methylbenzeneaulfonamide and
2-amino-4-methylbenzeneaulfonamide and
2-amino-4-methylbenzeneaulfonamide.
The latter isomer was separated by recrystn. and cyclized with
cyclohexanecarbonyl chloride in a mixture of TEA, 4 (N.Ndimethylaminol)pyridine, and THF to yield dihydro-3-cyclohexyl-6-methyl1,2,4-benzothiadiazine-1,1-dioxide. The dihydrobenzothiadiazine-1,1dioxide was chlorosulfonated with chlorosulfonic acid, sulfamoylated with
morpholine, and reduced with DIBALH in toluene to give
3-cyclohexyl-6-methyl-7-morpholinosulfonyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-1,2,4benzothiadiazine-1,1-dioxide (II). Selected compda. of the invention
were

tested for in vitro inhibition of 3H-AMPA binding and exhibited IC50 values ranging from 3.4 μ M to 45 μ M. Two compds, were tested and showed significantly increased potentiation of AMPA-induced [3H]GABA release from cultured cortical neurons relative to the potentiation induced by 30 μ M cyclothiazide. Expts, were performed in voltage clamp, and all tested compds, reversibly potentiated the current induced by application of 30 μ M AMPA. The results of iontophoretic application showed that cyclothiazide did not exhibit any in vivo effects after i.v. administration but that five compds, of the invention enhanced AMPA

spike activity in an activity-dependent manner. Passive avoidance expts.

L4 ANSWER 2 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued)
were performed to test the pharmacol. effect of compds. on associative
memory. Mean entry latency results for each group and the memory
enhancing effect of different concas. of one compd. were given.

IT 240139-50-5P 240139-55-6P 240139-59-7P
240139-60-0P 240139-51-1P
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU
(Biological
study, unclassified): SPN (Synthetic preparation): THU (Therapeutic use

logical study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation of benzothładiazines, quinazolines, and other aryl-fused heterocycles as pos. AMPA-receptor modulators for treatment of memory and learning disorders) 240139-57-5 CAPLUS 2411,2,4-Benzothładiazine, 3-cyclohexyl-3,4-dihydro-6-methyl-7-(2-pyridinyl)-, 1,1-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

240139-58-6 CAPLUS
2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine, 3-cyclohexyl-3,4-dihydro-6-methyl-7-(1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)-, 1,1-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 240139-59-7 CAPLUS CN 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 3-cyclohexyl-3,4-dihydro-6-methyl-, 1,1-dioxide (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 2 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued)

240139-60-0 CAPLUS
Piperidine, 1-{(3-cyclopentyl-3,4-dihydro-6-methyl-1,1-dioxido-2H-1,2,4-benzothiadiazin-7-yl)sulfonyl}- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

240139-61-1 CAPLUS
Morpholine, 4-[(3-cyclohexyl-3,4-dihydro-6-methyl-1,1-dioxido-2H-1,2,4-benzothiadiazin-7-yl)sulfonyl}- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 3 OF 21
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
1996:589565 CAPLUS
125:328676

Synthesis and free radical scavenging activity of
4-(2H-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine-1,1-dioxide-3-y1)-2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenols

AUTHOR(S):
CORPORATE SOURCE:

FUBLISHER:
DOCUMENT TYPE:
LANGUAGE:
COLORY TETRAB; ISSN: 0040-4020
Elsevier
JOURDAL

LANGUAGE:
English

CAPLUS COPPRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
1996:589565 CAPLUS
125:328676

Synthesis and free radical scavenging activity of
4-(2H-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine-1,1-dioxide-3-y1)-2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenols

Teit, Annaliss; Ganzerli, Stefano; Bella, María Di
Dip. Sci. Farmaceutiche, Univ. Modena, Modena, 4100,
Italy
Tetrahedron (1996), 52(38), 12587-12596
CODEN: TETRAB; ISSN: 0040-4020
JOURNAL

AB Title compde. I (Rn = 6-Br, 7-Br, 5,7-Br2, 6,7-Br2, 6-Cl, 7-Cl, 5,7-Cl2, 6-CF3, 6-Me, 6-OMe, 7-NO2], with potential biol. activity as antioxidants, were prepared in 30-77% yield by cyclization of the corresponding bis(dimethylethyl)hydroxy(sulfamoylphenyl)benzamides II, either neat at 230° or in boiling aqueous NaOH. I and II were tested as free-radical scavengers by reaction with DPPH using UV and ESR spectrometry. The formation of stable phenoxy radicals, obtained by oxidation of I and II with

Pb(OAc)4, was also studied.
183295-99-0P 183296-00-6P
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(ESR of; preparation and free radical-scavenging activity of benzothiadiazinylbis(dimethylethyl)phenols)
183295-99-0 CAPLUS

IN 103493-9-7 C...

Phenoxy,

2.6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-[1,1-dioxido-6-(trifluoromethyl)-2H-1,2,4-benzothiadiazin-3-yl)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 3 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued)

Phenoxy, 2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-(6-methyl-1,1-dioxido-2H-1,2,4-benzothiadiazin-3-yl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

183295-54-7P 183295-56-9P RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU

RI: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation) (preparation and free radical-scavenging activity of benzothiadizarinyhis(dimethylethyl)phenols)
RN 183395-54-7 CAPLUS

183295-54-7 CAPAGE
Phenol, 2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-[1,1-dioxido-6-(trifluoromethyl)-2H1,2,4-benzothiadiazin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

183295-56-9 CAPLUS

L4 ANSMER 4 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:175285 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 100:175285
SUBETITUE: Substituted 4-phenoxy and 4-phenylthio prolines
INVENTOR(S): Haugwitz, Rudiger D.; Sprague, Peter W.
E. R. Squibb and Sons, Inc., USA
EUR. Pat. Appl., 99 pp.
CODEN: EPXXDW
DOCUMENT TYPE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

OTHER SOURCE(S):

P.F	TENT	NO.			KIN	•	DAT	E	. а	₽₽	LICAT	ON	NO.		DATE	
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E	9558	4			A2		198	3120	, E	P	1983-	104	221		19830429	
E	9558	4			A3		198	4032	3							
E	9558	4			B1		198	7010	,							
	R:	BE,	CH.	DE,	FR.	GB.	IT	. LI	LU,	NL	. SE					
Z.F	8302	762			A			3122			1983 -	276	2		19830419	
C#	1258	853			Al		198	9082		A	1983-	426	141		19830419	
ΑL	8313	837			A1		198	3110	. A	U	1983-	138	37		19830421	
US	4681	886			A		198	7072	l U	s	1983 -	488	491		19830425	
JE	5820	3987			A2		198	3112	7	P	1983 -	760	7 A		19830428	
	0403				B4			2052		•			. •			
	Y APP		INFO.	. :						s	1982-	373	570	,	19820430	

CASREACT 100:175285; MARPAT 100:175285

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

Title compds. I [X = 0, S; X1, X2 = CHNH, C:N; X3 = C0, S02; R = H,

alkyl, R8 = same as R), R902CCHR10NHCHR11CO [R9 = same as R; R10 =

(CH2) mC6H4R12 (R12 = H, alkyl, alkoxy, halo, OH; m = 0-4),

c(cha)mcbnski2 (ki2 = n, aikyi, aikoxy, naid, Un; m = 0-4),
substituted
alkyl; R11 = H, (CH2)mR12, (un)substituted alkyl], R13P(0) (OR14)CH2CO

= alky1, (CH2)nR15 [R15 = C6H4R12, thienyl, furyl, pyridyl, cycloalkyl; n
= 0-7]; R14 = H, alkyl, CH2Ph, CHPh2, ion, CHR1702CR16 (R16 = H, alkyl, alkoxy, cycloalkyl, Ph, CH2Ph, CH2CH2Ph; R17 = H, alkyl, cycloalkyl,

were prepared as antihypertensives (no data) due to their ability to inhibit

angiotensin-converting enzyme. Thus, L-4-hydroxyproline was acylated

D-BzSCH2CHMeCOC1 to give BzSCH2CHMeCO-Hyp-OH, which was esterified with MeOH/p-MeC6H4SO3H to give the Me eater, which was treated with meHOC6H4KGH4KGMe)2 in the presence of Ph3P to give hydroxyproline II. The cyclocondensation of II with benzamide III gave quinazoline IV (R18 = Bz,

ANSWER 3 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued) Phenol, 2.6-bis (1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-(6-methyl-1,1-dioxido-2H-1,2,4-benzothiadiezin-3-yl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

(Continued)

ANSWER 4 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continue R19 = Me), which was aspond. to give IV (R18 = R19 = H). 89813-52-5P 89813-53-6P R1: SFN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of preparation of preparation of the Province A-[4-[7-(aminosulfonyl)-3,4-dihydro-1,1-dioxido-6-(trifluoromethyl)-2H-1,2,4-benzothiadiazin-3-yllphenoxyl-1-[3-(benzoylthio)-2-methyl-1-oxopropyl)-, (2e,40)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L-Proline, 4-(3-[7-(aminosulfonyl)-3,4-dihydro-1,1-dioxido-6-(trifluoromethyl)-2H-1,2,4-benzothiadiazin-3-yl)phenoxyl-1-(3-(benzoylthio)-2-methyl-1-oxopropyl)-, (2a,4a)- (9CI)* (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 5 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
TITLE:

AUTHOR(S):
CORPORATE SOURCE:
SOURCE:
SOURCE:
SOURCE:
COMPORATE SOURCE:
COMPORATE

Sciences.

Serie C: Sciences Chimiques (CODEN: CHDCAQ; ISSN: 0567-6541 Journal Sciences Chimiques (1973), 276(15), 1301-4

DOCUMENT TYPE:

The antihypertensive activity of a series of 2H-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxides was analyzed using the topol. DARC-PELCO method (1966) and the parametric method of Toplies and Yudis (1972). The predictive value of the DARC-PELCO method was also examined

38/28-99-4 RL: BIOL (Biological study) (antihypertensive) 38726-94-2 CAPLUS 38726-94-2 CAPLUS 38726-94-2 (APLUS) 11-1-dioxide (SCI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 7 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1967:10970 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 66:10970
TITLE: 7-Sulfamoyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine

Nuclear State of the State of t

INVENTOR(S):
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
SOURCE:

Patent English

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

KIND DATE US NO. DATE

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

US 3275625 19660927 US 19610123
For diagram(a), see printed CA Issue.

Novel derivs. of 7-sulfamoyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine
1.1-dioxide, which are substituted in the 3-position by an alicyclic bicyclic radical, can be prepared by the following process. A mixture

of 8.5
g. 6-chloro-4-aminobenzene-1,3-disulfonamide, 4 g. 2,5-endomethyleneA3-tetrahydrobenzaldehyde, and 25 cc. diethylene glycol dimethyl
ether was heated 2 hrs. at 100° and the mixture allowed to stend 14
hrs. at room temperature to give 7.5 g.
3-(bicyclo[2,2,1)hept-2-en-6-yl)-6chloro-7-sulfamoyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-1,2,4-benzothiadiszine 1,1-dioxide (I),
m. 229-30°. Similarly were prepared the following compds:
3-(bicyclo[2,2,1)hept-6-yl)-6-chloro-7-sulfamoyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-1,2,4benzothiadiszine 1,1-dioxide, m. 263-6°; 3-(2,3-

dibromobicyclo[2.2.1]hept-6-yl)-6-chloro-7-sulfamoyl-3,4,dihydro-2H-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide, m. 199-201°C. (decomposition):
 3-(bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-en-6-yl)-6-trifluoromethyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide, m. 119°; 3-(bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-en-6-yl)-5-methyl-6-chloro-7-sulfamoyl-3-4,dihydro-2H-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide, m. 190-1°; 3-(bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-en-6-yl)-5,6-dichloro-7-sulfamoyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide,

m. 184*; 2-methyl-3-(bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-en-6-yl)-6-chloro-7-methylaulfamoyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide, m. 232-5*; 3-(bicyclo[2.2.2]oct-2-en-6-yl)-6-chloro-7-sulfamoyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide, m. 276-7* (decomposition): 3-(5-methylbicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-en-6-yl)-6-chloro-7-sulfamoyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide, m. 197-9*;

3-(bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-en-6-yl)-6-chloro-7-sulfamoyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-1,2,4-benzothiadlazine 1,1-dioxide, m. 226-30°. Coated pills, suppositories, gelatin capsules, and liquid-containing ampuls are made

from
the various diuretic compds.

IT 859-24-5P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)
RN 859-24-5 CAPLUS
C 24-1.2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide,
3,4-dihydro-3-(5-norbornen-2-yl)6-(trifluoromethyl)-, 1,1-dioxide (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 6 OF 21
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
TITLE:
Structure-activity correlation in a series of 2H-12,4-benzochiadiazine 1,1-dioxides
AUTHOR(S):
CORPORATE SOURCE:
Leb. Spectrose. Lumin., Univ. Lyon I, Villeurbanne,

Pharmacological Research Communications (1972), 4(3),

CODEN: PLRCAT; ISSN: 0031-6989

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
AB The observed and calculated activity values were highly correlated for

SOURCE :

ANSWER 7 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

(Continued)

L4 ANSWER 8 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1965:498466 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO. :

1955:498466 63:98466 63:18126e-h,18127a 7-Sulfamoyl-3,4-dihydro-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxides

INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE: Thomae, Karl G.m.b.H. 12 pp. Patent DOCUMENT TYPE: Unavailable

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE NL 296964 19650525 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: 19620824

For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.
The title compds. (I), useful as diuretics, are prepared Thus, to a

of 16.28 g. 6-chloro-4-aminobenzene-1,3-disulfonyl chloride (II) in 50

dry tetrahydrofuran (THF) is added dropwise at 20° under cooling 25 ml. of a solution containing 12.28 g. MeNH2 in 100 ml. THF. The mixture

ml. of a solution containing 12.38 g. MeNH2 in 100 ml. THF. The mixture diluted with 50 ml. acetone, filtered, and evaporated in vacuo at 20°. The oily residue is recrystd. twice from 260 ml. 1:1 MeOH-H20 at -10° to yield 3-methylsulfonamido-4-amino-6-chlorobenzenesulfonyl chloride (III), m. 146-8°. Similarly prepared are the following IV (R4, R5, R8, and m.p. given): Cl. H, H, 166-7° (V) (78.78 yield); CF3, H, H, 161-3° (VI); Cl. H, benzyl, 155-8° (CHCI3.) (VII) (628 yield). To a solution of 1.6 g. III and 15 mg. p-toluenesulfonic acid in dioxane is added at 70° 0.61 g. 2,5-endomethylene-1,2,5,6-tetrahydrobenzaldehyde (VIII); the mixture is held 20 min. at 70° and worked up to yield 2-methyl-3-(bicyclo [2.2.1] t-2-en-6-yl)-6-chloro-7-chlorosulfonyl-3,4-dihydro-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide (IX), decomposed at 154-9° (MeOH-H2O). Similarly, V, VI, and VII are converted with VIII into the corresponding 3-(bicyclo [2.2.1] hept-2-en-6-yl) - 7- chlorosulfonyl-3,4-dihydro - 1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxides (R4, R5, R8, and m.p. given): Cl. H, H, 186-7° (MeOH-H2O) (X); CF3, H, H, -(XI); Cl. H, benzyl, 188-9° (decomposition) (XII). A solution of 1 g. IX in 25 ml. THP is treated 15 min. with eous

OUS

NH3 to yield 2-methyl-3-(bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-en-6-yl)-6-chloro-7sulfonamido-3,4-dihydro - 1,2,4 - benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide, m.
257-8* (EtOH-H2O). Similarly prepared are the 3-(bicyclo[2.2.1]hept2-en-6-yl)-3,4-dihydro-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxides (I)(R1: R2
R3: R5: H) (R4, R6, R7, R8, and m.p. given): Cl. Me, H, Me,
231-3* (MeOH-H2O); Cl. Me, H, H (XIII), 212-14* (MeOH-H2O);
Cl. M, H, H, 226-8* (MeOH-H2O); CP3, R6R7: piperidino, H,
133-40* (deccomposition); CP3, M, H, M, H, 55-8*; Cl. M, H, M,
benzyl, 222-4* (decomposition). A solution of 0.808 g. XIII in dioxane

L4 ANSWER 9 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1965:51748 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 62:51748
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO: 62:9157e-9
TITLE: 1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine derivatives
INVENTOR(S): Novello, Frederick C.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Merck & Co., Inc.

SOURCE: DOCUMENT TYPE: 2 pp. Patent Unavailable

FAMILY ACC. NUM. CO PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE US 1961-101331 US US 3160629 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: 19641208

For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue. A process leading to the title compds. is described. Thus, 3.75 g. KMnO4 is added with stirring over 10 min. to a solution of 8.9 g. 6-chloro-7-sulfamoyl-3,4-dihydro-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide in

ml. H2O and 10 ml. 20% NaOH. The solution is stirred at room

temperature 15 min.
and warmed on a steam bath 5 min., EtOH added to destroy excess KMnO4,

the solution filtered and acidified to give 6- chloro-7-sulfamoyl-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide (I), m. 337*. Similarly prepared is 6-methyl-7-sulfamoyl-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide, m. 345*. 1170-25-8, 2H-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 3,4-dihydro-3-phenyl-6-(trifluoromethyl)-, 1,1-dioxide (preparation of) 1170-25-8 CAPLUS 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 3,4-dihydro-3-phenyl-6-(trifluoromethyl)-, 1,1-dioxide (6CI, 7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ΙT

L4 ANSWER 8 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued) reduced with H and Raney Ni to yield 3 (bicyclo(2.2.1)hept.6-yl)-6-chloro-7- (N-methylsulfonamido)-3,4-dihydro-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide, 7- (N-methylsulfonamido)-3,4-dihydro-1,4,*-Lunibuline 246-8°.

1859-24-5, 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiszine-7-sulfonamide,
3,4-dihydro-3-(5-norbornen-2-yl)-6-(trifluoromethyl)-, 1,1-dioxide
423-37-8, Piperidine, 1-[3,4-dihydro-3-(5-norbornen-2-yl)-6-(trifluoromethyl)-2H-1,2,4-benzothiadiszin-7-yl]sulfonyl]-, S,S-dioxide (preparation of)

RN 859-24-5 CAPLUS
CN 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiszine-7-sulfonamide,
3,4-dihydro-3-(5-norbornen-2-yl)6-(trifluoromethyl)-, 1,1-dioxide (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

4233-37-8 CAPLUS
Piperidine, 1-[[3,4-dihydro-3-(5-norbornen-2-yl)-6-(trifluoromethyl)-2H1,2,4-benzothiadiazin-7-yl]sulfonyl]-, S,S-dioxide (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 10 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS ON STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1965:51747 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 62:51747

DOCUMENT NUMBER:
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.:
TITLE:
INVENTOR(S): 62:9157c-e

Benzothiadiazine dioxides Cheney, Lee C.; Holdrege, Charles T. Bristol Laboratories International, S. A.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE: 18 pp. Patent DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE: Unavailable

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PR 1368708		19640807	FR 1959-806279	19590929
US 3230218		19660118	US 1959-795595	19590226
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US	19580930

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 62:51747

For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.
The title compds. (I) are used for the treatment of edemas associated

cardiac congestion, cirrhosis of the liver and kidney, and other diseases characterized by excessive accumulation of water. These compds. are obtained by the condensation of an aldehyde with a suitable aniline

Thus to a solution of 0.09 mole 2-tri-fluoromethyl-4-amino-5-sulfamoylbenzenesulfonyl chloride in 125 cc. dioxane was added 15 cc. 40% CH2O, the solution added to 125 cc. concentrated NH4OH, NH4OH distilled after 1.5

after 1.5

hrs., and the residue refluxed 2.5 hrs. to give I (R = R1 = H), m. 260-4*. The following I were similarly prepared (R, R1, and m.p. given): Me, Me, 216-21*; H, Et, 256-8* (decomposition) and 262-3* (decomposition) (2 forms): H, Me, 247-50* (decomposition); H, Ph.CH3, 221-3*; H, 2-pyridyl, 310-11*; H, Cl3C, 283-5* (decomposition): H, Ph. 219-21*. Sy using cyclohexanone ethylene acctal, 7-sulfamoyl-6-trifluoromethylspiro (2H-1,24-benzothiadiazine-3,1'-cyclohexanel 1,1-dioxide, m. 260-2*, was obtained.

IT 1170-25-8, 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 3,4-dihydro-3-phenyl-6-(trifluoromethyl)-, 1,1-dioxide (preparation of)

(preparation of)
1170-25-8 CAPLUS
2H-1,2.4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 3,4-dihydro-3-phenyl-6-(trifluoromethyl)-, 1,1-dioxide (6CI, 7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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L4 ANSWER 11 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
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L4 ANSWER 11 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS ON STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1963:462475 CAPLUS
                        NUMBER
                                                                      59:62475
59:11536h,11537a-b
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.:
                                                                    Dihydrohenzothi
Eli Lilly & Co.
                                                                                                  zothiadiazine dioxides
 PATENT ASSIGNEE (S) :
 DOCUMENT TYPE:
 LANGUAGE
                                                                     Unavailable
 PATENT INFORMATION:
             PATENT NO.
                                                                                        DATE
                                                                                                                          APPLICATION NO.
                                                                                                                                                                                          DATE
                                                                    KIND
GB 915236
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                                                                        19630109
                                                                                                                                                                                          19601031
GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB The preparation of
3. (bicyclo(2.2.1)hept-2-en-5-yl)-7-sulfamoyl-3,4-dihydro-
1,2,4-benzothiadiszine 1,1-dioxides (I) is described. These compds. are
used as diuretic agents. 5-chloro-2,4-disulfamoylaniine (28.5 g.) was
suspended in 195 ml. 95% aqueous EtOH and 150 ml. 6N aqueous HCI, and
12.2 9. bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-en-5-ylcarboxaldehyde added, and the reaction
               to effect solution of the aldehyde. The mixture was kept at room rature 12 hrs.
temperature 12 hrs.
and the precipitate of I (R = Cl) filtered off and washed to remove HCl,
         and the precipitate of I (R = C1) filtered off and washed to remove HC1, 230-1° (EtOAc). Similarly prepared was I (R = CF3), m. 221°. These compds. were also prepared by cyclizing bicyclo(2.2.1)hept-2-en-5-ylcarboxaldehyde with 1,3-disulfamoyl-4-fluoro-6-chloro(or 6-trifluoromethyl)benzene in the presence of NH8 or by acylating 1,3-disulfamoyl-4-amino-6-chloro- (or trifluoromethyl)benzene with an anhydride or acid halide of bicyclo(2.2.1)hept-2-enyl-5-carboxylic acid, cyclizing the acylated product produced with an alkali, and then reducing the benzothiadiazine cyclization product to form a dihydrobenzothiadiazine.
859-24-5, 2H-1,2.4-Henzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 3,4-dihydro-3-(5-norbornen-2-yl)-6-(trifluoromethyl)-, 1,1-dioxide (preparation of) 859-24-5 CAPLUS 2H-1,2.4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, -dihydro-3-(5-norbornen-2-yl)-6-(trifluoromethyl)-, 1,1-dioxide (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
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L4 ANSWER 12 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1963:73334 CAPLUS COCUMENT NUMBER: 58:73334 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 58:12563c-d 58:12563c-d Hypotensive 1,2,4-benzothiadiazines Bierbaum, Barbara Ann; Traverso, John J.; Whitehead, Calvert W. Lilly Res. Labs., Indianapolis, IN Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1963), 6, 272-5 CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623 Journal TITLE: AUTHOR(S): CORPORATE SOURCE: SOURCE: DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: OTHER SOURCE(S): MENT TYPE: Journal
JAGE: Unavailable
R SOURCE(S): CASREACT 58:73334
For diagram(s), see printed CA lesue.
2-Aminobenzenesulfonamides were prepared by way of (1) the chlorosulfonation

1828-19-9 CAPLUS 2H-1,2,4-Benzchiadiazine, 3-(3,4-diethoxyphenyl)-3,4-dihydro-6-(trifluoromethyl)-, 1,1-dioxide (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                           58:53284
58:9078c-h
                                                               ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                          58:9078c-h
Synthesis of 1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide
derivatives
Klosa, Josef
Privatlab., Berlin
Journal fuer Praktische Chemie (Leipzig) (1962), 18,
313-20
                                                             AUTHOR(S):
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                                                               SOURCE:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                           CODEN: JPCEAO: ISSN: 0021-8383
                                                             DOCUMENT TYPE:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                          Journal
Unavailable
                                                               LANGUAGE:
                                                                                           ANDS: UNAVAILABLE (S. SOURCE(S): CASREACT 58:53284

For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

The acylation of 5-trifluoromethylaniline-2,4-disulfonamides with carboxylic acids in the presence of POCl3 and subsequent cyclization of the resulting acylanilide analogs with concentrated H2SO4 yielded a set of
                                                               OTHER SOURCE(S):
                                                                                        3-substituted 6-trifluoro-7-aminosulfonyl-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine
1,1-dioxides. 5,2,4-CF3(H2NO2S)C6H2NH2 (I) (6.4 g.), 2 cc. AcOH, and 6
                                                                                           POCl3 heated 10-15 min. with atirring at 60-70° and then to 90-110°, cooled, diluted with 50 cc. H2O, boiled, cooled, and filtered yielded 6.7 g. N-Ac derivative (II) of I, leaflets, m. 292-4° (80% ios-POH) with browning from 250°. I (6.4 g.) in 30 cc. MePh and 2 cc. AcOH refluxed, treated during 15 min. dropwise with 6 cc.
                                                       and 2 cc. AcOH refluxed, treated during 15 min. dropwise with 6 cc.

POC13,

refluxed 1 hr., cooled, and filtered, and the residue treated with 30 cc.

H2O, heated on the water bath, and worked up in the usual manner yielded

6.8 g. II. Similarly were prepared the following III (R and m.p. given);

ECO, 312-14° (800 iso-PrOH); PrOC. 295-7° (needles);

iso-PrOC. 282-4° (600 iso-PrOH); iso-BUCO, 208-10° (gray
crystal powder); CTHISCO, 158-60° (CCH2CO, 298-300° lwth

browning from 250°); C12CHCO, 208-10° [resolidified at

220° and remelted at 296-8° (decomposition)]; CC13CO,

228-30° [resolidified at 234° and remelted at 293-5°
(decomposition)] CH2BrCO, 228-30° (resolidified at 250°);

CHBr2CO, 220-2° (with browning at 210° (decomposition); MeCHBrCO,

304-6° with sintering an turning brown-yellow from 250°;

Ma2CHCHBr, 128-30° (needles); Bz, 250-2° (resolidified at

270° and decompose at 138-30°); p-MeOGCH4CO, n. 246-8°
(resolidified at 260° and decomposed up to 290°);

3.4.5-(MeOl3CGH2CO, 212-14°; p-MeOSGH4CO, n. 246-8°
(resolidified at 260° and decomposed up to 290°);

3.4.5-(MeOl3CGH2CO, 212-14°; p-MeOSGH4CO, 162-4°
(crystal powder); picolinoyl, 158-60° (crystal powder); nicotinoyl,
226-6° (needles); isonicotinoyl, 233-5° (needles). II (6

g.) added in portions with stirring to 20-30 cc. concentrated H2SO4,
heated 2-3.

hrs. at 60-70°, kept overnight, added slowly with stirring into 50
cc. M2O and filtered affers 2 hrs. average 2 20-40 cc. (crystal powder); picolinoyl, 150-60° (crystal powder); processor 2 cc. M2O and filtered affers 2 hrs. average 2 20-20° (crystal powder); processor 2 cc. (crystal powder); processor 2 cc. (crystal powder); picolinoyl, 158-60° (crystal powder); picolinoyl, 226-6° (crystal powder); picol
                                                             POC13
                                                                                        ed 2-3
hrs. at 60-70°, kept overnight, added slowly with stirring into 50
cc. H2O and filtered after 2 hrs. gave 5.2 g. (crude) 3-methyl-6-trifluo
omethyl-7-aminosulfonyl-1,2.4-benzothiadizaine 1,1-dioxide([IIIs], m.
334-6° (iso-PrOH). IIIs(1 g.) in 40 cc. Ac20 refluxed 5 hrs.,
filtered hot, and cooled gave 1.1 g. N-Ac derivative (IV) of IIIs, m.
298-300° (80% iso-PrOH) (decomposition). Similarly were prepared the
following IVa (R and m.p. given): Rt [V], 346-8° (decomposition); Pr,
318-20°; iso-Pr, 296-8° iso-Bu, 235-7°; C7H15,
203-5°; C1CH2, 312-14°; C12CH, 306-8°; CC13
293-5°; BrCH2, 292-4°; Br2CH, 258-60° MeCHBr,
11/03/2006
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ANSWER 13 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN SSION NUMBER: 1963:53284 CAPLUS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

859-25-6 CAPLUS 4H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-aulfonamide, 3-p-tolyl-6-(trifluoromethyl)-, 1,1-dioxide (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME) .

1550-90-9 CAPLUS 4H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiszine-7-sulfonamide, 3-(p-methoxyphenyl)-6-(trifluoromethyl)-, 1,1-dioxide (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 13 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

1691-04-9 CAPLUS
4H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 6-(trifluoromethyl)-3-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)-, 1,1-dioxide (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSMER 14 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS ON STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1963:33410 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS ON STN 2004 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS ON STN 2004 CAPLUS CAPLUS

A simple synthesis of dihydrobenzothiadiazine dioxide derivatives

AUTHOR (S) :

derivatives Klosa, Josef; Voigt, Hans Privates Forschungslabor, Berlin-Zehlendorf Journal fuer Praktische Chemie (Leipzig) (1962), 16, CORPORATE SOURCE: SOURCE:

264-76

CODEN: JPCEAO: ISSN: 0021-8383 Journal

DOCUMENT TYPE: OTHER SOURCE(S):

MENT TYPE: JOURDAI JAGE: Unavailable R SOURCE(S): CASREACT 58:33410 6-Chloro- (I) and 6-triflucromethyl-7-sulfamoyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide (II) derivs., substituted at C-3 with R

was H, alkyl, aryl, or aralkyl, were synthesized by heating 2.4-disulfamoyl-5-chloroaniline (III) or the 5-trifluoromethyl analog (IV), resp., with RCHO (V) in aqueous HCl (EtOH added when III or IV were insol. in water). Nonaq, media were not necessary for the reaction. V which either reacted or did not react with III and IV were tabulated.

mechanisms were discussed for the condensation reaction in aqueous media

one in nonaq. media. III (5.7 g.) was suspended in 150 ml. H2O, 0.02

V and 3 ml. concentrated HCl added, and if H2O-soluble addml. 50 ml. H2O added,

otherwise 50 ml. EtOH added, refluxed 40-60 min., and crystalline I

filtered off hot. II were similarly prepared from IV. Acetals of halogenated V

condensed with III and IV to yield I and II, resp. Thus, 30 g. III was suspended in 80 ml. H2O and 50 ml. concentrated HCl, a solution of 18 ml. of the

suspended in 80 ml. H2O and 50 ml. concentrated HCl, a solution of 18 ml of the acetsi of BrCH2CHO in 110 ml. EtOH added, the mixture refluxed 4 hrs., cooled, and the product filtered off and washed with H2O to yield 38 g. I (R = BrCH2) (VI), m. 224-6°. Similarly the acetals of Cl2CHCHO and ClCH2CHO yielded the corresponding I and II. I and II where R = 5-nitro-2-furyl were preferably prepared from 5-nitrofurtural diacetate. The following I and II were prepared by the above routes (R and m.p. of I and II given): H, --, 261-3°, Me. 254-6°, 246-8°, Et., 266-8°, 262-4°; Pr., 255-7°, 228-30°; iso-Pr., 290-2°, 248-50°; Bu, 190-2°, 210-12°; iso-Bu, 244-6°, --; CH2Cl, 234-6°, 237-9°; CHCl2, 242-4°, 246-6°; CCl1, 300-2°, --; CH2Br., 224-6°, 206-8°; CH2I (VII), 198-200°, 194-6°; PhCH2, 246-8°, 220-2°; PhCH2, 240-6°; A20-2°; PhCH2, 246-8°, 257-7°; PhCHCH, 246-8°, 171-3°; 4-pyridyl, 236-8°, --; 2-furyl, 212-14°, 252-4°; 5-nitro-2-furyl, 220-2°, 212-14°; p-CCR6H4, 236-8°, 224-6°; p-O2NCSH6, 242-6°, 235-7°; p-CCSH4CH2, 230-8°, --; 2-furyl, 212-14°, 252-4°; 5-nitro-2-furyl, 220-2°, 212-14°; p-CCCSHCH2, 238-7°; p-McCSHCH2, 230-3°, --; o-FCSH4, 245-7°, 243-5°; p-McCSHCH2, 230-3°, --; o-FCSH4, 245-7°, 243-5°; p-McCSHCH2, 235-5°, 248-50°, antipyryl, 244-6°, oil. VI (20 g.) and 16 g. KI in 200 ml. anhydrous Me2CO refluxed 5 hrs., half the solvent evaporated, and H2O added; 22 g. VII separated

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ANSWER 14 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued) When, however, the reaction was carried out in H2O or EtOH only decompn. products were obtained. A suspension of 60 g. III, 2.6 l. H2O, 20 ml. concd. HCl, and 18 ml. 38% ag. HCHO (VIII) was stirred and refluxed 20-30 min. when all dissolved, the mixt. was refluxed 30 min., C added, and the mixt. fittered hot. From the filtrate sepd. on cooling S3 g. cryst. I (R = H) (IX), m. 270-2° (H2O). IX in hot 0.1N NaOH hydrolyzed to III. Excess VIII in the above reaction caused polymer formation. Thus, when a suspension of 5.7 g. III in 50 ml. H2O contg. 4 ml. 37% ag. VIII, 2 ml. concd. HCl, and 100 ml. EtOH was refluxed 1 hr., cooled, and 50 ml. H2O added 6 g. colorless resin (X), m. 265-70°, sepd., sol. in alcohols and other org. solvents. Polymer formation was avoided by carrying out the reaction in aq. NH3. Thus, a mixt. of 6.8 g. III, 40 ml. concd. aq. NH3, and 0.7-1 g. VIII (as the 37% aq. soln.) (or a large excess of VIII may also be employed) stirred and refluxed 20-30 min., decolorized with c.

and filtered hot gave 4.5 g. IX, m. 270-2°. IX in 95% yield was also obtained after 1 hr. reflux of 57 g. III, 2.5 l. H2O, 20 ml. 25%

also obtained after 1 hr. reflux of 57 g. III, 2.5 1. H2O, 20 ml. 254, and 30 ml. 374 aq. VIII. Mixed m.ps. of X with III or IX showed no depression, indicating that the wide range of m.ps. of IX reported (from III and gaseous HCl in nonaq. media) (Freeman and Wagner, CA 46, 15591) was due to the presence of impurities in IX. The diuretic effects of I and II were tabulated and discussed.

3-(o-fluorophenyl)-3,4-dihydro-6-(trifluoromethyl)-, 1,1-dioxide 748-19-5, 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide,

3-(n-fluorophenyl)-3,4-dihydro-6-(trifluoromethyl)-, 1,1-dioxide 748-19-6, 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide,

3-(p-chlorophenyl)-3,4-dihydro-6-(trifluoromethyl)-, 1,1-dioxide 3872-12-6, 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide,

(preparation of) 748-17-4 CAPLUS 2H-1,2-4-dihydro-6-(trifluoromethyl)-, 1,1-dioxide (preparation of) 748-17-4 CAPLUS 2H-1,2,4-dihydro-6-(trifluoromethyl)-, 1,1-dioxide (trifluoromethyl)-, -1,1-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)

748-18-5 CAPLUS

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L4 ANSWER 14 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued)

RN 748-19-6 CAPLUS CN 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 3-(p-chlorophenyl)-3,4-dihydro-6-(trifluoromethyl)-, 1,1-dioxide (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 3872-12-6 CAPLUS CN 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 3,4-dihydro-3-(p-nitrophenyl)-6-(trifluoromethyl)-, 1,1-dioxide (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 15 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued)

L4 ANSWER 15 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1962:421273 CAPLUS
OCCUMENT NUMBER: 57:23273
ORIGINAL REPERENCE NO.: 57:4685g-1, 4686a-b
TITLE: 75-ulfamoyl-3, 4-dihydro-1, 2, 4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxides
Mueller, Erich; Hasspacher, Klaus
Dr. Karl Thomae G.m.b.H.
4 pp.
Patent
Unavailable INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE (S): SOURCE: DOCUMENT TYPE: PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION NO. PATENT NO. DATE KIND DE 1125938 GB 906850 19620322 DE 1960-T17869 19600212 For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.
The title compds. substituted in the 3 position with a bicyclic group prepared by reaction of a 2,4-disulfamoylaniline with a bicyclic aldehyde or a functional derivative thereof. Thus, 8.5 g.
6.4,1,3-C1 (H2N) CSH2(SO2NH2)2
and 4.0 g. 2,5-endomethylene-1,2,5,6-tetrahydrobenzaldehyde in 25 cc.
bis(2-methoxyethyl) ether was heated 2 hrs. at 100°, the solution left
at room temperature 14 hrs., 50 cc. CHCl3 added, the precipitate
filtered off, and
dried to give 7.5 g.
1(6-bicyclo[2.2.1]-2-heptenyl)-6-chloro-7-sulfamoyl3.4-dihydro-1,2,4-benzothisdiazine 1,1-dioxide (1), m. 129-10° (aqueous
MeOH). I (6.0 g.) was hydrogenated in dioxane in the presence of Raney
Ni aldehyde MeOH). I (6.0 g.) was hydrogenated in dioxane in the presence of Raney Ni
to give 3-(6-bicyclo[2.2.1]heptyl) - 6 - chloro - 7 - sulfamoyl - 3,4 - dihydro-1.2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide, m. 263-6*. Treatment of 4.0 g. I with 1.6 g. Br in AcOH gave 3.0 g. 3-[6-(2,3-dibromo)bicyclo[2.2.1]heptyl] - 6 - chloro - 7-sulfamoyl-3,4-dihydro-1.2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide, m. 199-201*. II prepared were (R, R1, R2, R3, R4, and m.p. given): H, 6-bicyclo[2.2.1]-2-heptenyl, H, CP3, H, 119*(AcOH-ligroinel): H, 6-bicyclo[2.2.1]-2-heptenyl, Me, Cl, H, 184*(MeOHH2O): Me, 6-bicyclo[2.2.1]-2-heptenyl, H, Cl, M, 184*(MeOHH2O): Me, 6-bicyclo[2.2.1]-2-heptenyl, H, Cl, Me, 232-5*; H, 6-bicyclo[2.2.1]-2-bepten-6-yl, H, Cl, M, 197-9*. The compde. had stronger natriuretic activity than hydrochlorothiazid. Excretion of K was not increased to the same degree as that of Na. IT 859-24-5, 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 3,4-dihydro-3-(5-norbornen-2-yl)-6-(trifluoromethyl)-, 1,1-dioxide (preparation of)
RN 859-24-5 CAPLUS
NH-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 3,4-dihydro-3-(5-norbornen-2-yl)-6-(trifluoromethyl)-, 1,1-dioxide (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 16 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1962:7959 CAPLUS
OCCUMENT NUMBER: 56:7959
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 56:1537b-f
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14 ANSWER 16 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued)

L4 ANSWER 17 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued)

L4 ANSWER 18 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 196:1144261 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 55:144261
DIVERTION: 55:27358f-i.27359a-i.27360a-b
DIV

The appropriate aldehyde was added to each suspension and the mixt.

shaken

0.5 hr., cooled after standing 12 hrs. at room temp., the product washed,
and the resultant 3,4-dihydro-3-substituted-7-sulfamoyl-1,2,4benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxides were dissolved in warm alc. and dild. with

H2O. The product was recrystd. from dil. alc. The following
3,4-dihydro-3-substituted-7-sulfamoyl-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxides
were obtained (3 and 6 substituents, % yield, and m.p. given):
2-cyclopentenylmethyl, Cl, 71,222*; cyclopentylmethyl, Cl, 84,
230*; cyclopentylmethyl, Br, 80, 222*; hexylmethyl, Cl, 40,
172*; 2-cyclohexenylmethyl, Cl, 73, 70, 148*;
2-cyclohexenylmethyl, Cl, 85, 221*;
2-cyclohexenylmethyl, Cl, 85, 221*;
3-cyclohexenylmethyl, Br, 32, 202*; cyclopentylmethyl, CF3, 70,
156*; 1-cyclohexenylmethyl, Cl, 80, 198*; 3-methylcyclopentylmethyl,
Br, 80, 100*; cyclohexylmethyl, Cl, 80, 198*; 3-methylcyclopentylmethyl,
Br, 80, 100*; cyclohexylmethyl, Cl, 85, 232*;

L4 ANSWER 19 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1961:105988 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 55:105988
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 55:19971b-g
BINUENTOR(S): Benzothiadiazine derivatives
Lund, Frantz; Godtfredsen, Wagn O.
Lovens Kemiske Fabrik ved. A. Kongsted
Patent
Unavailable
Unavailable INVENTOR(S):
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
DOCUMENT TYPE:
LANGUAGE:
PAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION: Unavailable

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
************			***************************************	
GB 863474		19610322	GB	
DE 1226107			DE	
DK 97587			ĎΚ	
US 3254076		1966	us	
US 3254077		1966	US	
6-Substituted 7-m	11famov1	-3 4-dibydro	-1 2 4-benzorhiadiazin	a 1 1-diovid

6-Substituted 7-sulfamoyl-3,4-dihydro-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxi (1), prepared from a substituted 2,4-disulfamoylaniline (II) and RCHO, H2C(OMe)2, or H2C:CHOR, had saluretic effects in rats and humans. Thu

solution of 3.2 g. 5-trifluoromethyl-2,4-disulfamoylaniline, 25 ml.

and 10 ml. ethylal, and a catalytic amount of p-Mec6H4SO3H was refluxed overnight and worked up to give the 6-trifluoromethyl derivative of I, m. 271-2°. By varying RCHO (or acetal) reactant, the following 3-substituted-6-trifluoromethyl analogs of I were prepared: Me (from

271-2*. By varying RCHO (or acetal) reactant, the following 3-subatituted-6-trifluoromethyl analogs of I were prepared: Me (from EtoCH:
CH2. EtoCHCIMe, or ClCH2CHO), m. 240-40.5°; ClCH2, m. 245-45.5; BECH2 (III), m. 209-10°; Et, m. 255-6°;
Pr. 232-3°; iso-Pr. m. 244-5°; Bu, m.216-17°; δ-hydroxybutyl, m. 175-55°; n-pentyl, m. 190-1°; γ-nitropentyl, m. 175-5°; acetonyl, m. 208-9°; β-methoxyethyl, m. 188-9°; dicarbethoxymethyl, m. 232-4°; Ph, m. 218-19.5°; Ph2CH, m. 261-2.5°; p-methoxyphenchyl, m. 285-1.5°; benzyl (IV), m. 243-4°; p-chlorobenzyl, 243-4°; benzyloxymethyl, m. 231-21.5°; phenethyl, m. 235-6°; α-phenylethyl (V), m. 243-4°; p-chlorobenzyl, 243-4°; benzyloxymethyl, m. 261-2° (decomposition); p-eminophenoxymethyl, m. 324-6°; a-phenylethyl, m. 321-21.5°; phenoxymethyl, m. 244-6°; p-nitrophenoxymethyl, m. 261-2° (decomposition); p-eminophenoxymethyl, m. 33-4°; 2,4-dichlorophenoxymethyl, m. 230-1°; Bz, 261-2°; benzylthiomethyl, 202-3°; β-benzylthiotehyl, 134-46°; 2-pyridyl, m. 304-6° (decomposition); 2-furyl, m. 190-2°; 3-cyclohexyl, m. 258-9°; 1-propenyl, m. 213-5°; n-hexyl, 178-9°; 3-pyridyl, m. 204-1°; styryl, m. 167-9°. Substitution of a ketone for the aldehyde reactant yields the corresponding 3,3-disubstituted-6-trifluoromethyl analog of I; thus, acetone and 6-trifluoromethyl derivative of I. The following were prepared similarly: 3-methyl-3-carbethoxy, m. 191-4°; 3-methyl-3-carbethoxymethyl, m. 191-4°; 3-methyl-3-carbethoxymethyl, m. 191-4°; 3-methyl-3-carbethoxymethyl, m. 191-4°; 2-chlorocyclohexane-1,3-spiro, m. 232-4°; cyclohexane-1,3-spiro, m. 281-19°; 4-chlorocyclohexane-1,3-spiro, m. 232-4°; cyclohexane-1,3-spiro, m. 231-19°, 4-chlorocyclohexane-1,3-spiro, m. 261-2°; 2-chlorocyclohexane-1,3-spiro, m. 261-2°; 2-chlorocyclohexane-1,3-spiro, m

ANSWER 18 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued) cyclohexylmethyl, Br. 80, 214*; 5-norbornylenyl, Cl, 40, 210*; 2-cyclohexenylmethyl, CP3, 86, 202*; 3-methylcyclopentylmethyl, CP3, 85, 185*; cycloheptylmethyl, CP3, 85, 185*; cycloheptylmethyl, CP3, 87, 14*; 1-methylcyclohexylmethyl, CP3, 85, 185*; 1-methylcyclohexylmethyl, CP3, 76, 228*; cycloheptylmethyl, CP3, 76, 228*; cycloheptylmethyl, CP3, 60, 78*; 1-methylcyclohexylmethyl, CP3, 190*; 2,3-dihydro-2-(y-pyranyl), Cl, 30, 258*; 5-norbornylenyl, Cl, 46, 224*; 2-norbornyl, Cl, 80, 263*; 6-methylcyclohexenyl, Cl, 75, 230*; 6-methylcyclohexenyl, Cl, 75, 230*; 6-methylcyclohexenyl, Cl, 75, 210*; 6-methyl-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide (0.1 mole) in 75 ml. tetrahydrofuran was treated with 1.5 g. NaBM4, treated dropwise with 1.5 g. AlCl3 in 50 ml. tetrahydrofuran, the mixt. refluxed 2 hrs., kept overnight, and decompd., and the solids sepd. and crystd. The following results were obtained (compd., byield, and m.p. given): 6-chloro-3-cyclopentylmethyl-3,4-dihydro-7-(N-methylsulfamoyl)-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide, 12, 174-5*; 6-chloro-3-cyclopentylmethyl-3,4-dihydro-7-sulfamoyl-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide, 40, -. The saluretic and diuretic activities of the compds. listed above were greater than those of the parent compd.
1581-31-3, 2M-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 3,4-dihydro-3-(5-norbornen-2-ylmethyl)-6-(trifluoromethyl)-, 1,1-dioxide (preparention of).
1581-31-3 CAPUS

ANSWER 19 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued)
Me, m. 243-4°, H, m. 242-2.5°. The following were prepd.
similarly.(substituents given): 3-Me, 3-Et. 6-Cl, m. 231-3°; 3-Me,
3-ClCN2.6-NO2; 3-Me, 3-CO2Me, 6-NO2, m. 218-19°;
cyclopentene-1,3-spiro-6-chloro, m. 234°; cyclohexne-1,3-spiro-6-bromo, flx), m. 281-3°; 2-methylcyclohexne-1,3-spiro-6-bromo, m.
231-3°; 2-chlorocyclohexne-1,3-spiro-6-chloro, m. 223-5°;
3-methyl-3-acecyl-6-chloro, m. 246-7°. Tests on groups of ten
persons indicated that 2.0 mg. 17 had the same saluretic effect as 20 mg
of the 6-Cl deriv. of 1. III-IX were potent saluretic estens in rates.
1170-25-8, 24.1,2.4-Benzochiadiazine-7-sulfonamide,
3,4-dihydro-3-phenyl-6-(trifluoromethyl)-, 1,1-dioxide 4454-81-3,
28-1,2.4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 3-cyclohexyl-3,4-dihydro-6(trifluoromethyl)-, 1,1-dioxide

4454-81-3 CAPLUS 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiezine-7-sulfonamide, 3-cyclohexyl-3,4-dihydro-6-(trifluoromethyl)-, 1,1-dioxide (6CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSMER 20 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1961:39254 CAPLUS

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO: 55:7664d-f

AUTHOR(5): Lund, P. J.; Kobinger, W.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Area action and activity of substituted compound and activity of substituted compound and activity of substituted 2,4-disulfamoylanilines (DSA) and substituted 7-gulfamoyl-3,4-dihydro-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxides (DBT). DSA and DBT compds. showed a distinct relation between substitution in the benzene ring and saluretic activity. Substitution in the heterocyclic ring of DBT compds. yielded some substances considerably more potent than the known hydroflumethiazide (5-trifluoromethyl-7-sulfamoyl-3,4-dihydro-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide) and hydrochlorothiazide. Of these substances, benzylhydroflumethiazide(centyl) (the 3-benzyl derivative of hydroflumethiazide), which in human expts. was selected for further clin.

use. Among the active substances studied, no differences in the urinary

use. Among the active substances studied, no differences in the urinary electrolyte-excretion pattern were detected by the method used.

1170-25-8. 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide;
3,4-dihydro-3-phenyl-6-(trifluoromethyl)-, 1,1-dioxide 4454-81-3,
2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 3-cyclohexyl-3,4-dihydro-6-(trifluoromethyl)-, 1,1-dioxide
(as diuretic)
1170-25-8 CAPLUS
1170-25-8 CAPLUS
1170-25-8 CAPLUS
(trifluoromethyl)-, 1,1-dioxide (6CI, 7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

4454-81-3 CAPLUS 2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 3-cyclohexyl-3,4-dihydro-6-(crifluoromethyl)-, 1,1-dioxide (6CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 21 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS ON STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1960:11460 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 54:11460 S4:23516-1,2352a-f TITLE: Synthesia of accession accession of accession acces Synthesis of trifluoromethylated compounds possessing diuretic activity
Holdrege, Charles T.; Babel, Richard B.; Cheney, Lee

AUTHOR(S):

CORPORATE SOURCE: SOURCE: Bristol Labs., Inc., Syracuse, NY Journal of the American Chemical Society (1959), 81, 4807-10

CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863 Journal

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: OTHER SOURCE(S):

MENT TYPE: Journal
UAGE: Unavailable
R SOURCE(S): CASREACT 54:11460
Hydrated Na2S (113.5 g.) (containing 61% Na2S), 28.4 g. S, and 500 cc.

warmed on the steam bath to solution, the solution added dropwise with

warmed on the steam bath to solution, the solution added dropwise with stirring to 400 g. 4,3-cl(02N)C6H3CF3 in 1.5 l. refluxing MeOH, refluxed 1 hr., cooled, and filtered yielded 359 g. [4,2-CP3(02N)C6H3S]2 (1), m. 158-61° (AcOH). 1 (1000 g.) in 2.3 l. glacial AcOH and 250 cc. H2O treated 4 hrs. at 5-14° with gaseous Cl, heated 2 hrs. at 70°, cooled to 10°, chlorinated again 7 hrs., kept overnight, heated 0.5 hr. on the steam bath, and poured into 6 l. ice and H2O, the aqueous phase extracted with 1 l. PhMe, and the combined organic phase and extract evaporated gave crude 4,2-CP3(02N)C6H3SO2Cl (II). The crude II added during 3 hrs. to 2 l. cold concentrated NH4OH below 15°, kept overnight,

d during 3 hrs. to 2 l. cold concentrated NH4OH below 15°, kept overnight, and filtered, the residue slurried with 4 l. 10° aqueous NaOH at 15°, filtered, acidified below 25°, cooled, and filtered, and the residue recrystd. from 2 l. iso-PrOH gave 490 g. 4,2-CF3(OAN)C6H3SO2NH2 (III), m. 165-7°; 2nd crop 66 g. A similar run with double the chlorination time yielded 544 III. III [5 g.) and 5 cc. glacial AcOH in 150 cc. H2O heated on the steam bath while being treated with 6 g. Fe filings in 2 portions 5 min. apart, stirred 3 hrs. on the steam bath, diluted with 100 cc. 95° EtOH, heated to boiling, filtered, neutralized

with saturated aqueous Na2CO3, filtered, and cooled gave 3 g. 2-NH2
analog (IV) of
III, m. 143-6* (aqueous EtOH). Pe filings (242 g.) added in portions
during 1.5 hrs. to 242 g. NH+Cl, 190 g. III, 2 l. MeOH, and 1 l. H2O, the
mixture refluxed 1.5 hrs., and filtered hot, the cake washed with 400 cc.
MeOH, the combined filtrates diluted with 4.5 l. H2O, heated to boiling,
filtered, and cooled to 0*, and the precipitate recrystd. from a mixture

400 cc. H2O and 250 cc. MeOH containing 2 cc. 6N HCl yielded 126 g. IV,

141-5°. IV (35 g.) added during 0.5 hr. to 96 cc. ClsO3H with stirring and cooling, the mixture treated without cooling during 1 hr.

with

87.6 g. NaCl. heated rapidly in a bath from 85 to 150°, kept 15
min. at 150°, and poured into 600 g. ice and H30 precipitated gummy
4.6.1.3 H3N(F3C)C6H2(SO2Cl)2 (V). The crude V added to 200 c.

concentrated
NHORN, kept overnight, heated on the steam bath, and cooled gave 15.7 g.
4.6.1.3 H3N(F3C)C6H2(SO2NH2)2 (VI), m. 239.5-41.5° (H30). VI (I
g.) and 4 cc. 98% HCO3H refluxed 4 hrs., cooled, and filtered gave
7-sulfamoyl-6-trifluoromathyl-2H-1.2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide

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ANSWER 20 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued)

ANSWER 21 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued) m. 300-2* (cor.) (1:1 95% ECOH-H2O). IV (45 g.) chlorosulfonated in the usual manner, 1/2 of the resulting V extd. with 125 cc. dioxane, the ext. treated with 15 cc. 40% aq. CH2O, kept at 10% overnight, basified with 125 cc. concd. NH4OH, kept 1.5 hrs. at room temp., heated 1 hr. on the steam bath, refluxed 2.5 hrs., cooled with ice, and filtered yielded 0.6 g. 3.4-dihydro deriv. (VIII) of VII, m. 260-4* (aq. ECOH). VI (63.8 g.), 16.5 g. 40% aq. CH2O, 300 cc. H2O, and 0.1 cc. concd. H2SO4 refluxed 3.5 hrs. with stirring, cooled, and filtered, and the residue recrystd. with 1.5 g. C from 400 cc. MeOH and 200 cc. H2O

43.5 g. VIII, m. 262-5°, 271-4° (cor.). Crude V from 22 g. IV added to 250 cc. 40% ag. MeNH2, kept overnight at room temp., and filtered, the filtrate concd., cooled, and filtered, and the residue dissolved in the min. amt. of MeOH at room temp. and repptd. with an

vol. of H2O gave 11 g. 4,6,1,3-H2N(F3C)C6H2(SO2NHMe)2, m. 168-70° (H2O). VI (5 g.) and 45 cc. Me2C(OMe)2 refluxed 24 hrs. and evapd. gave 1.6 g. 3,3-di-Me deriv. of VII, m. 216-21° (aq. MeOH). VI (5 g.), 0.0173 mole appropriate aldehyde, 1 drop concd. H2SO4, and 30 cc. H2O refluxed, cooled, and filtered, and the residue recrystd. from Et2O aq. MeOH or aq. Me2CO gave the corresponding 3-substituted VII (IX); method

VI (5 g.), 0.0173 mole appropriate aldehyde, and 30 cc. glacial AcOH refluxed and evapd. in vacuo, and the residue recrystd. from aq. MeOH $_{\odot}$

refluxed and evapd. in vacuo, and the residue recrystd. from aq. MeOH

the corresponding IX; method B. VI (5 g.), 0.0173 mole ethylene ketal of
an appropriate cycloalkanone, 2 drops concd. H2SO4, and 50 cc. BuOH
refluxed and evapd. in vacuo, and the residue recrystd. from aq. MeOH
yielded the corresponding IX; method C. By these methods were prepd. the
following IX (3-substituent, m.p., method, reactant, % yield, and reflux
time given): Et. 262-3° (decompn.), A, EtCHO. 59, 4; Me
247-50° (decompn.), A, AcH, 70, 0.25; PhCH2, 221-3°, B,
PhCH2CHO, 35, 16; 2-pyridyl. 310-11°, A, (without the H2SO4
catalyst), 2-CSH4NCHO, 19, 0.5; CCL3, 283-5° (decompn.), A,
CCl2CH(OH)2, 22, 24; Ph. 220-4°, B, BZH, 17, 24; pentamethylene,
260-2°, C, cyclohexanone ethylene ketal, 23, 1.5; tetramethylene,
225-6° (decompn.), C, cyclopentanone ethylene Ketal, 19, 2. VI and
VII were potent orally as VI in animals.
1170-135-8, 2H-1, 2, 4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide,
3,4-dihydro-3-phenyl-6-(trifluoromethyl)-, 1,1-dioxide
(preparation of)
1170-25-8 CAPLUS
2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 3,4-dihydro-3-phenyl-6-

2H-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide, 3,4-dihydro-3-phenyl-6-(trifluoromethyl)-, 1,1-dioxide (6CI, 7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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